

Improving Outcomes: Gestural Drawing with Charcoal Pathway

In this resource you will find some tips to help your pupils improve outcomes in charcoal whilst using the [Gestural Drawing with Charcoal Pathway](#) or following any AccessArt [Charcoal](#) resource. These tips include making simple changes such as paper, scale and environment, and will make a huge difference to your and your pupils' experience of using charcoal.

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Adapting AccessArt: Colour and Composition



Thoughtful Mark making



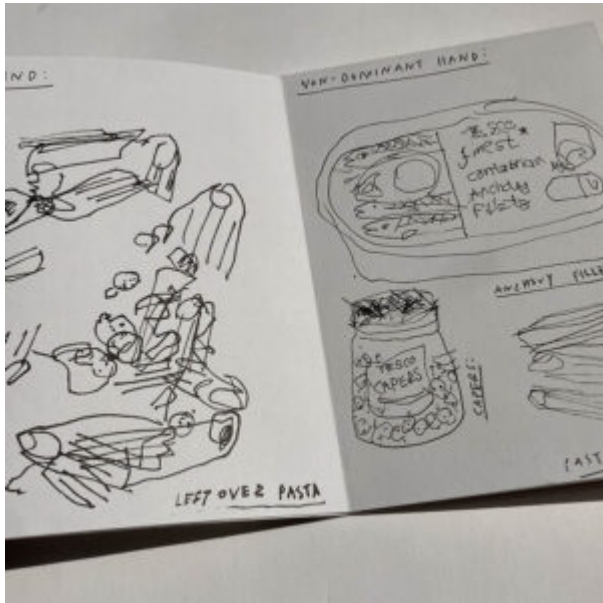
Cooking With Collage

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Talking Points: Colour Theory

A collection of sources and imagery to explore terms used in colour theory.

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Colour Theory

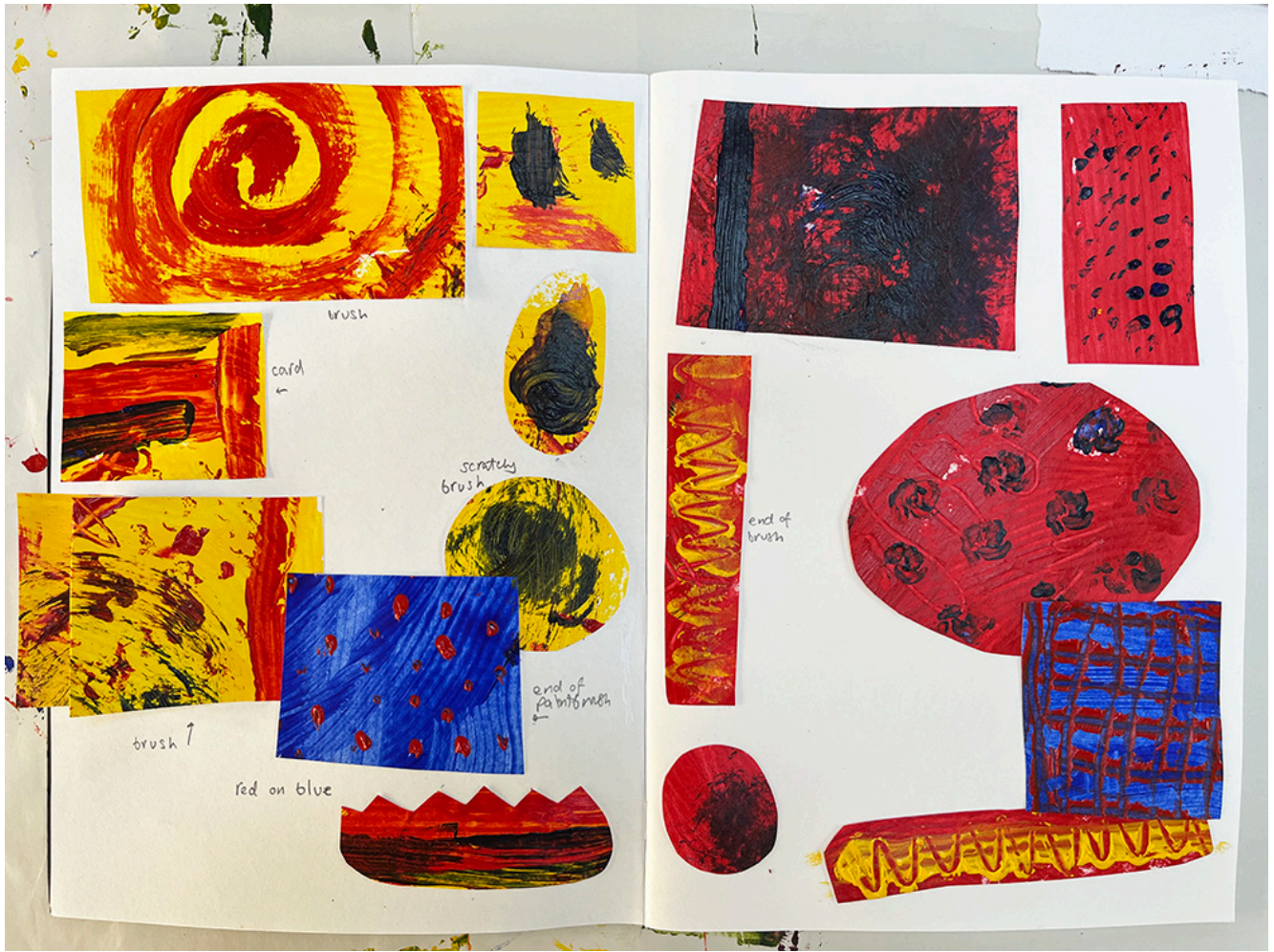
Colour theory can be overwhelming to understand and teach.

AccessArt would encourage an intuitive approach to teaching colour through resources such as [Expressive Painting and Colour Mixing](#), however the information below will help you understand some of the terminology used in colour theory.



Primary Colours

Primary colours are any of a group of colours from which all other colours can be achieved by mixing. Red, yellow and blue can't be recreated through colour mixing and act as the building blocks for all other colours.



Secondary Colours

Secondary colours are achieved when the primary colours are mixed together in equal parts. On the colour wheel, secondary colours are located between primary colours.

- Red and blue: Purple
- Red and yellow: Orange
- Yellow and Blue: Green



Tertiary Colours

Tertiary colours can be achieved by mixing primary and secondary colours. Blue-green, blue-violet, red-orange, red-violet, yellow-orange and yellow-green are colour combinations you can make from colour mixing. On a colour wheel, tertiary colours are between primary and secondary colours. – [Adobe](#)



Additional Terms Used When Talking About Colour:

Hue: Brightest and purest form of the colour on the colour wheel.

Saturation: The intensity and vibrance of a colour.

Value: How light or dark a colour is.

Shades: Achieved by adding black gradually to a colour.

Tint: Achieved by adding white gradually to a

colour.

Tone: Achieved by adding grey gradually to a colour.

See Resources Exploring Colour Below...

Colour Mixing



Exciting Colour



Expressive Painting and Colour Mixing



Adapting AccessArt: Colour and Composition

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Layered Colour Gestural Drawing



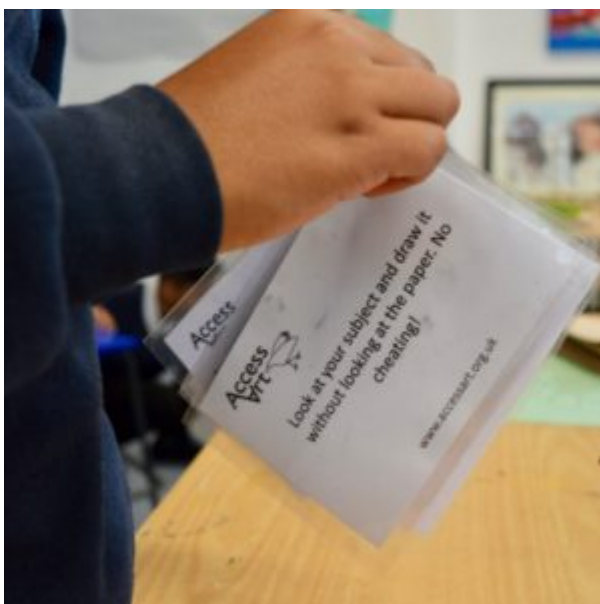
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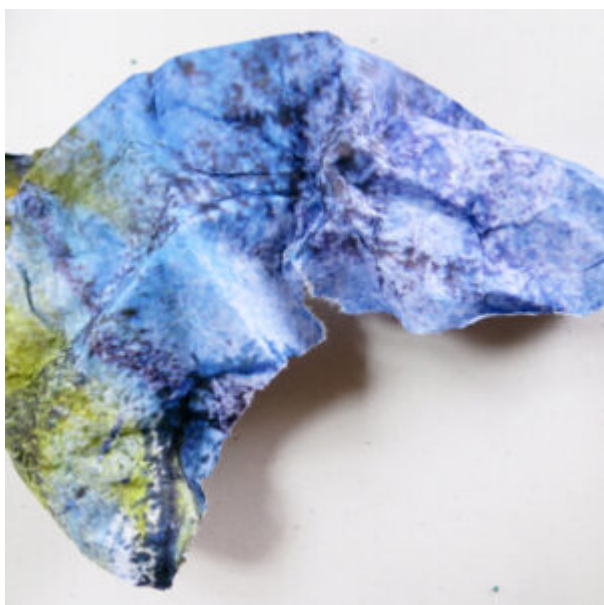
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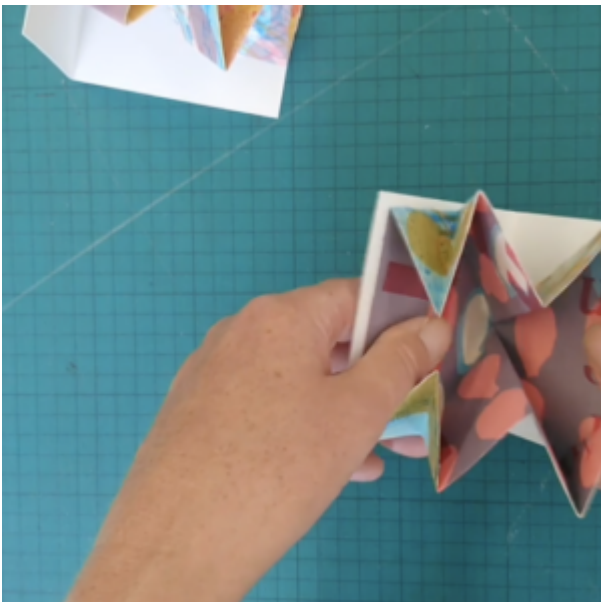
playful making pathway



ASTRONAUT PAPER BODY CASTS



Turkish map fold



**Adapting AccessArt: Playful Making
Inspired by Nnena Kalu**



Adapting AccessArt: Pattern and Colour

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SCREENPRINTING USING OVERLAID PATTERN



exciting colour



Creating Repeat Patterns With Rachel Parker



Illustrating a Book: The

Making of Rabbit, Cactus, Accident

What We Like About This Resource...

"I really like how Yu-Ching's process combines hand-drawing and painting, before moving across to digital. Combining those processes ensures that the illustrations retain a very warm, tactile look to them, but the digital element refines the imagery. We really like what Yu-Ching says about the benefits of silent books being universally understood and feel that the benefits and challenges of not using words means that the imagery has to be really clear, which encourages lots of exciting creative problem-solving." – Tobi, AccessArt

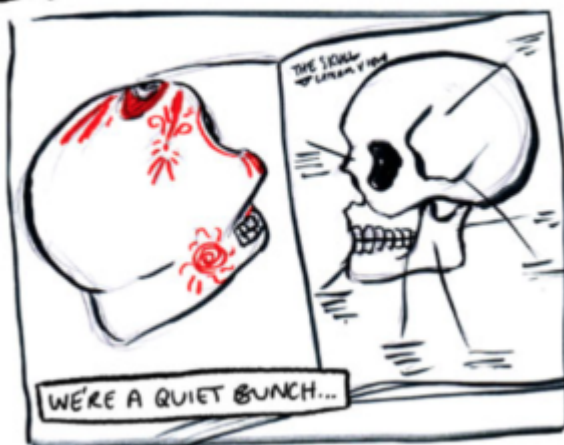
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3.



Drawable: My Tiger Sketchbook



Illustrating The Jabberwocky



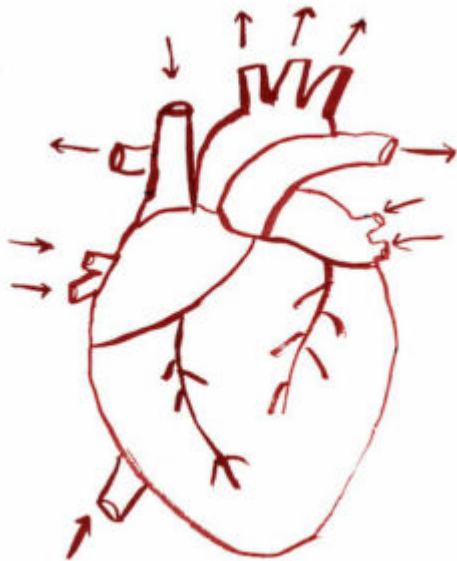
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Shape and Colour Pathway

Pathway: Drawing and Making Inspired by Illustrators

Pathway for Years 4 & 5

Disciplines:

Sculpture, Painting, Drawing, Collage, Sketchbooks

Key Concepts:

- That Illustrators use line, colour and shape to create drawings which bring stories to life.
- That we can use other people's artwork as a creative stimulus, and use lots of different media (paper, pen, paint, modelling materials and fabric) to work towards our own artwork.
- That we can use our knowledge and curiosity of line, shape, colour and form to make playful and inventive art.
- That we can make an individual artwork which contributes to a larger shared piece, or we can work on a shared artwork.

That making art can be fun and joyful, and that we can find subject matter which inspires us all and brings us together.

This pathway provides a framework for teachers to enable pupils to create their own work in a variety of media, in response to the work of an author/illustrator (in this case Maurice Sendak).

The project explores: Mark making with pen, pencil and ink, making a shared drawing, colour mixing (soft pastels), making sculpture (plastic bags, paper, wire, modroc) and collage.

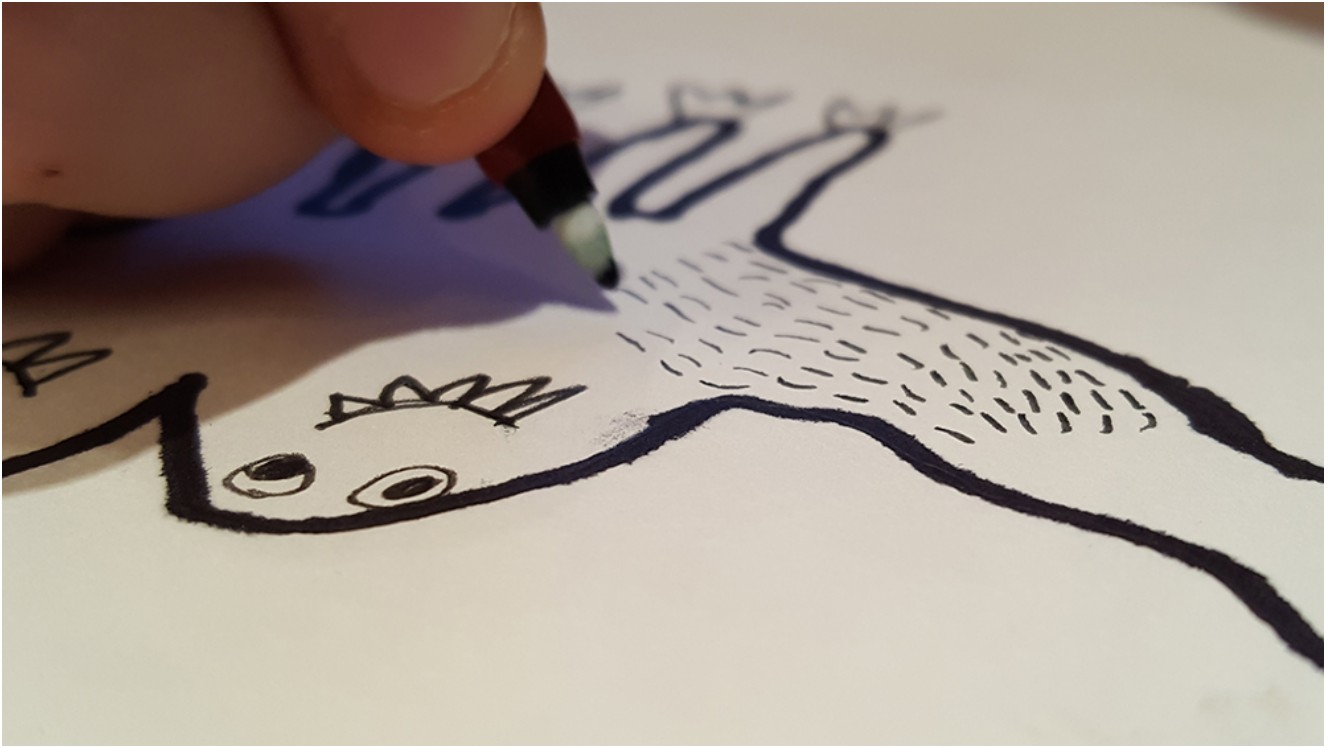
As with all AccessArt approaches, the emphasis is on a journey of building independent learning through lots of experimentation and creative risk taking, and balances sketchbook and exploratory work with high quality and varied final outcomes.

Themes: Narrative, Landscape, Character Development

Medium: Pens, Soft B Pencils, Ink, Collage Paper, Plastic bags, Paper, Wire, Modroc, Modelling Materials

Artists: Maurice Sendak, Shaun Tan

If you use this resource in your setting, please tag us on social media: #InspiredBy @accessart (facebook, twitter) @accessart.org.uk (instagram) and share the url. Thank you!



Additional Pathway

This pathway is an additional pathway to help you extend, develop or further personalise the [AccessArt Primary Art Curriculum](#).

We suggest this pathway is used to replace a “Working in 3 Dimensions” (Blue) Pathway – it works well in replacement of [Telling Stories Through Drawing & Making](#) (Years 3 & 4), or [Set Design](#) (Years 5 & 6).

Please note the activities in this pathway are best suited to more confident teachers who are happy with a higher level of interaction with the work, and more able or experienced pupils.

You may also like to use the activities in this pathway with a smaller group of children in an

after school club or community context.



AGES 5-8

AGES 9-11

Teaching Notes

Tips from Teachers

“Put a long piece of paper down on each table. Four children per piece of paper works the best so they don’t get too crowded.

Put examples of the book on their tables and three different sized black pen. Do the ink drawings in one lesson and then the black pen detail in the next and colour in the next with pastels.”

Find the MTP for this pathway [here](#).

[See the recording of the Zoom CPD session Exploring Modroc.](#)

[Journeyful Teaching: Teaching for The Journey, Not The Outcome](#)

[Pedagogy in 250 Words: Making is Hard](#)

Curriculum Links

English: Responding to Texts and Narrative

Geography: Landscapes and Habitats

Science: Animals, Plants and Trees

PSHE: Supports Responsibility to the planet,

Collaboration, Peer Discussion.

I Can...

- I have explored the work of an Illustrator and used my sketchbook to record my observations.
- I can draw directly from life, making quick sketches expressing emotion and personality.
- I can explore mark making, and use marks to create a (sometimes shared) background.
- I can mix colours using soft pastels.
- I can make a sculptural creature or person, understanding that by working in 3d my sculpture will be seen from different viewpoints, and be inspired by the drawn background.
- I can present my work as part of a larger artwork, and I can share my response to my own work and also to the work of my peers.

Time

This pathway takes 6-8 weeks, with an hour per week. Shorten or lengthen the suggested pathway

according to time and experience. Follow the stages in green for a shorter pathway or less complex journey.

Materials

Pens (3 different thicknesses), Soft B Pencils, Sketchbooks, A3 Cartridge Paper, Soft toys, Black Ink, Quills, Roll of Paper, Soft Pastels, Glue Stick

Modroc, Plastic Bags, Sellotape Construction Materials (see [list here](#))

Pathway: Drawing and Making Inspired by Illustrators

A PDF of this pathway can be found [here](#).

.Aim of the Pathway

The aim of the pathway is to give children the opportunity to be inspired by the mark making and visual story telling of illustrators, and to feel enabled to make their own creative response in both two and three dimensions.

▪ Week

1:

Introduce

Introduce an Artist

Begin by introducing story to inspire drawing and making.

You may want to explore *Where the Wild Things Are*, using our “[Talking Points: Maurice Sendak](#)”.

Or draw and make inspired by ‘The Arrival’ by Shaun Tan using “[Talking Points: Shaun Tan](#)”.

This pathway can be adapted to a book you are

currently studying in class.

▪ Drawing

&

Mark-Making

Observational Drawing



Be inspired by the mark making of Maurice Sendak and apply it to observational drawings of the children's own toys in the [Drawing Soft Toys Inspired by "Where the Wild Things Are" by Maurice Sendak](#) resource.

By the end of this session children will have practised observational skills, explore mark-making (both their own and that of the artist) and produced one or more drawings of their own toys.

▪ Week	2:	Collaborative	Drawing
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Shared Ink Drawing

Explore making collaborative drawings in small groups, using new materials and new skills in the [Shared Ink Drawing Inspired by "Where the Wild Things Are"](#) resource.



By the end of this session, pupils will have explored how they can work together to create sections of landscape, exploring notions of “background” and “context”, using ink and quills.

▪ Week

3:

Colour

Mixing

Adding Colour



Explore colour mixing in an empirical way by mixing soft pastels directly onto the shared landscape drawing created above, as shown in the [Adding Colour to Shared Ink Drawing Inspired by “Where the Wild Things Are”](#) resource.

By the end of this session children will have created coloured backgrounds which are full of exciting marks and atmospheric colours, ready for the stage below.

▪ Week 4: (Optional) Life Drawing

**Life Drawing Inspired by 'Where
The Wild Things Are'**



Practise drawing from life in the [Life Drawing Inspired by "Where the Wild Things Are"](#) resource.

By the end of this session, children will have explored drawing directly from life, making quick sketches by looking for "big" shapes which express emotion and personality, to develop sketchbook work.

▪ Week 4: Drawing From Imagination

Drawing Imagined 'Wild Things'



Combine mark making and life drawing skills with inspiration from the shared communal background drawing, to create drawings of wild things from imagination, in the [Drawing our own "Wild Things" to Inhabit our Imagined Landscape](#) resource.

▪ Week 5 & 6 & 7: Making

Making Sculptural 'Wild Things'



Explore working in 3 dimensions using wire, paper and modroc to create sculptures of Wild things, in the [Making Sculptural "Wild Things" \(Session 1\)](#) resource.

You can find detailed information on [using Modroc in the classroom here.](#)



Continue working on the sculptures, and return to the starting point of the journey in week 1 by adding collaged drawings to the sculptures. Display the finished sculptures in front of the communal drawings. [Making Sculptural "Wild Things" \(Session 2 & 3\)](#)

▪ Week 8: Share and discuss

Share, Reflect, Celebrate



End the pathway by taking time to appreciate the developmental stages and the final outcomes in a clear space.

Depending upon the project option chosen, display the work appropriately including having open sketchbooks. Use the "[Crit in the Classroom](#)" resource to help you.

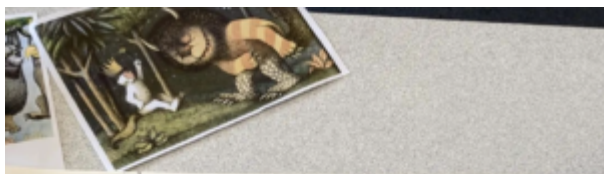
Encourage children to reflect upon all stages of the journey.

If available, children can use tablets or cameras to take photographs of the work.

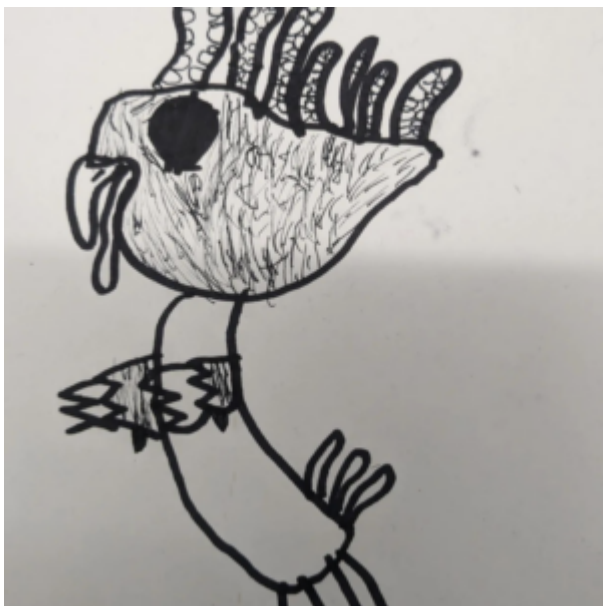
[Explore how children can take high quality photographs of 3d artwork with this resource.](#)

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Pathway: Exploring Form Through Drawing

Pathway for Years 5 & 6

Disciplines:

Drawing, Sketchbooks

Key Concepts:

- That we use the word form to describe a three-dimensional shape.
- That when we draw on two-dimensional surfaces we can use line, mark making, value, shape, colour, pattern and composition to help us create an illusion of form, mass or volume.
- That contour marks can help to describe volume and form/mass.
- That we can mix colours and use a range of media to create atmosphere and meaning in drawings.
- That drawing and sculpture share a close relationship, and can inform each other.

This pathway enables pupils to consider how 2

dimensional drawing can convey a sense of form/mass and volume. By looking at the drawings of Sculptors' Henry Moore, and Christo and Jeanne-Claude we can explore the ways in which they portrayed an illusion of form and meaning in their drawings.

Pupils will explore a range of mark-making, taking inspiration from artists' work and will have the opportunity to experiment with a variety of materials.

Medium:

Drawing materials, Loose sheets of paper varying in size, shape and quality.

Artists: Henry Moore, Christo and Jeanne-Claude

If you use this resource in your setting, please tag us on social media: #InspiredBy @accessart (facebook, twitter) @accessart.org.uk (instagram) and share the url. Thank you!



Additional Pathway

This pathway is an additional pathway to help you extend, develop or further personalise the [AccessArt Primary Art Curriculum](#).

We suggest this pathway is used to replace a “Drawing and Sketchbooks” (Orange) Pathway “[Typography and Maps](#)” (Years 5 & 6) or “[2D Drawing to 3D Making](#)” (Years 5 & 6).

You may also like to use the activities in this pathway with a smaller group of children in an after school club or community context.



AGES 9-11

Teaching Notes

Find the MTP for this pathway [here](#).

Curriculum Links

Maths: 2D and 3D shapes, weight, symmetry, angles, mass, volume

Science: Properties of objects, shadows, rocks

PSHE: Collaboration, Peer Discussion

I Can...

I can describe the difference between shape (2d) and form (3d).

- I can explore how artists use their skills to make drawings which capture form.**
- I can use my sketchbook to record and reflect, collecting the ideas and approaches I like which I see other artists use.**
- I can use line, mark making, tonal values, colour, shape and/or composition to give my drawings a feeling of form.**
- I can share my work with others, and talk about my intention and the outcome. I can listen to their response and take their feedback on board.**
- I can appreciate the work of my classmates. I can listen to their intentions and share my response to their work.**

Time

This pathway takes 6 weeks, with an hour per week. Shorten or lengthen the suggested pathway according to time and experience. Follow the stages in green for a shorter pathway or less complex journey.

Materials

Loose sheets of cartridge paper, Handwriting pens, Soft B pencils, Water-soluble graphite, Wax crayon, Watercolours, Ink

Pathway: Exploring Form Through Drawing

A PDF of this pathway can be found [here](#).

• The Aim of the Pathway

This pathway gives pupils the opportunity to explore how we can convey 3-dimensional form through drawing, conveying a sense of mass and volume. Inspired by the work of Sculptors Henry Moore and Christo and Jean-Claude, pupils will make creative responses through a series of drawing exercises on loose paper, resulting in a collection of drawings for a backwards sketchbook.

• Week 1: Introduce an artist

**Introduce Henry Moore's Shelter
Drawings**



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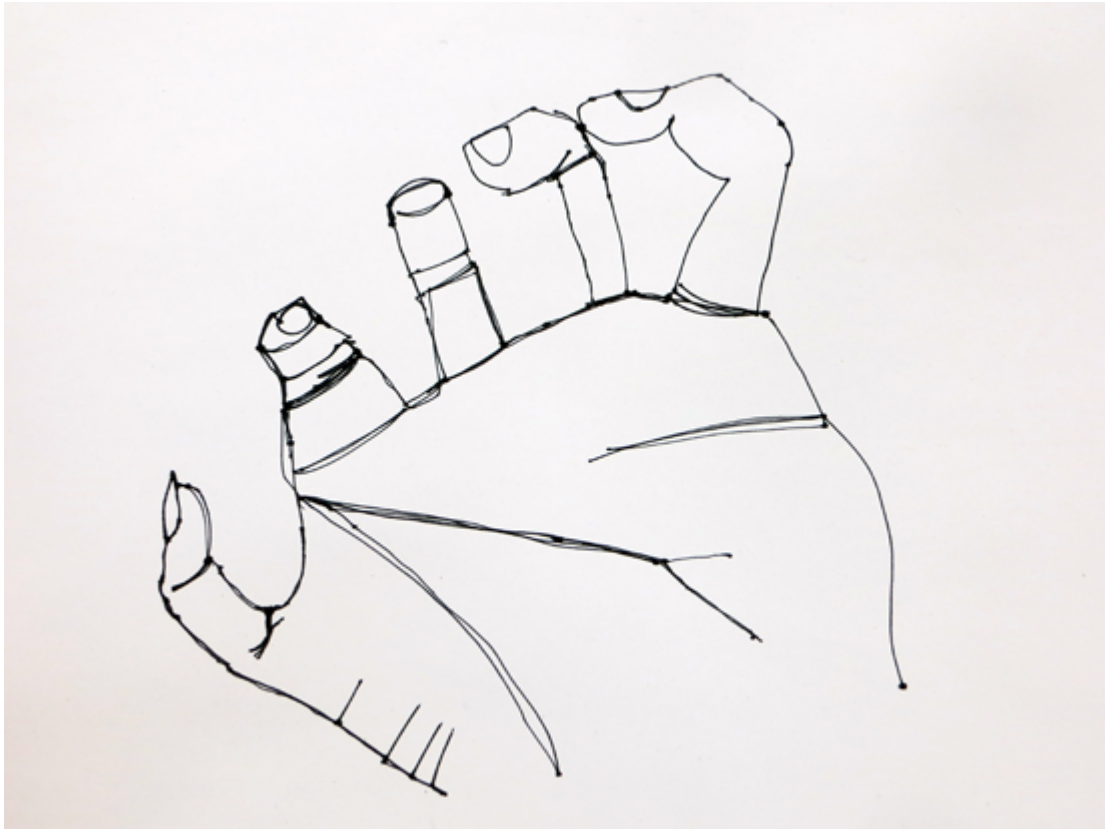
Introduce students to the work of Henry Moore. Find out how Moore's practise as a sculptor impacted his drawing style in this resource exploring "[Henry Moore's Shelter Drawings](#)".

Use the "[Making Visual Notes](#)" resource to help record on loose paper.

▪ Drawing

Exercise

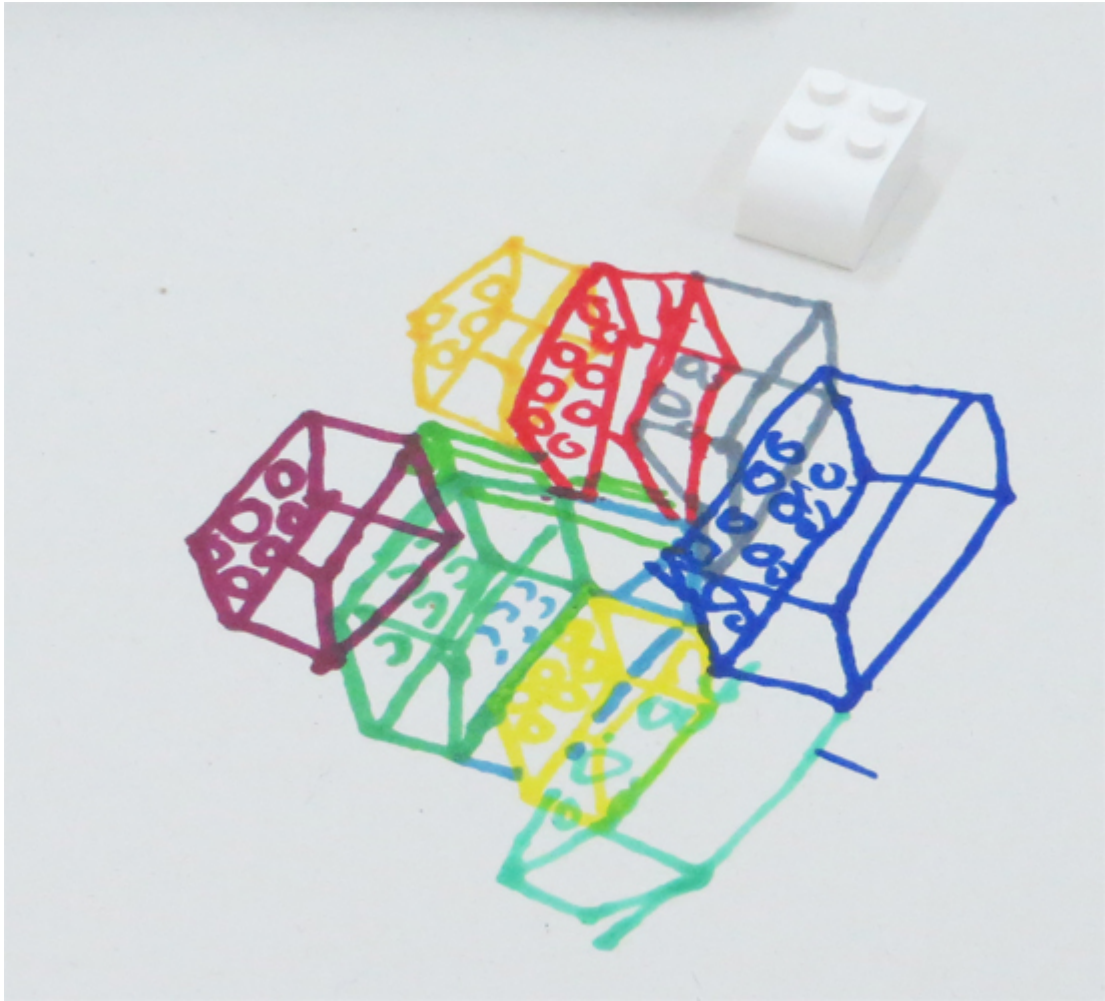
Drawing Hands



Create continuous line drawings of cupped hands to explore the word 'concave' and what this means in relation to form. Use the "[Drawing Hands](#)" resource to run this guided session. Create the drawings on loose sheets of paper.

▪ Week 2: Draw and Collage

Explore 3 Dimensions using Lego



Invite pupils to create simple drawings of lego blocks on sheets of paper, considering angle and perspective. Use the “[Explore 3 Dimensions using Lego](#)” resource to help you guide this session. Work on loose sheets.

▪ Week 3: Ink and Pen Drawings

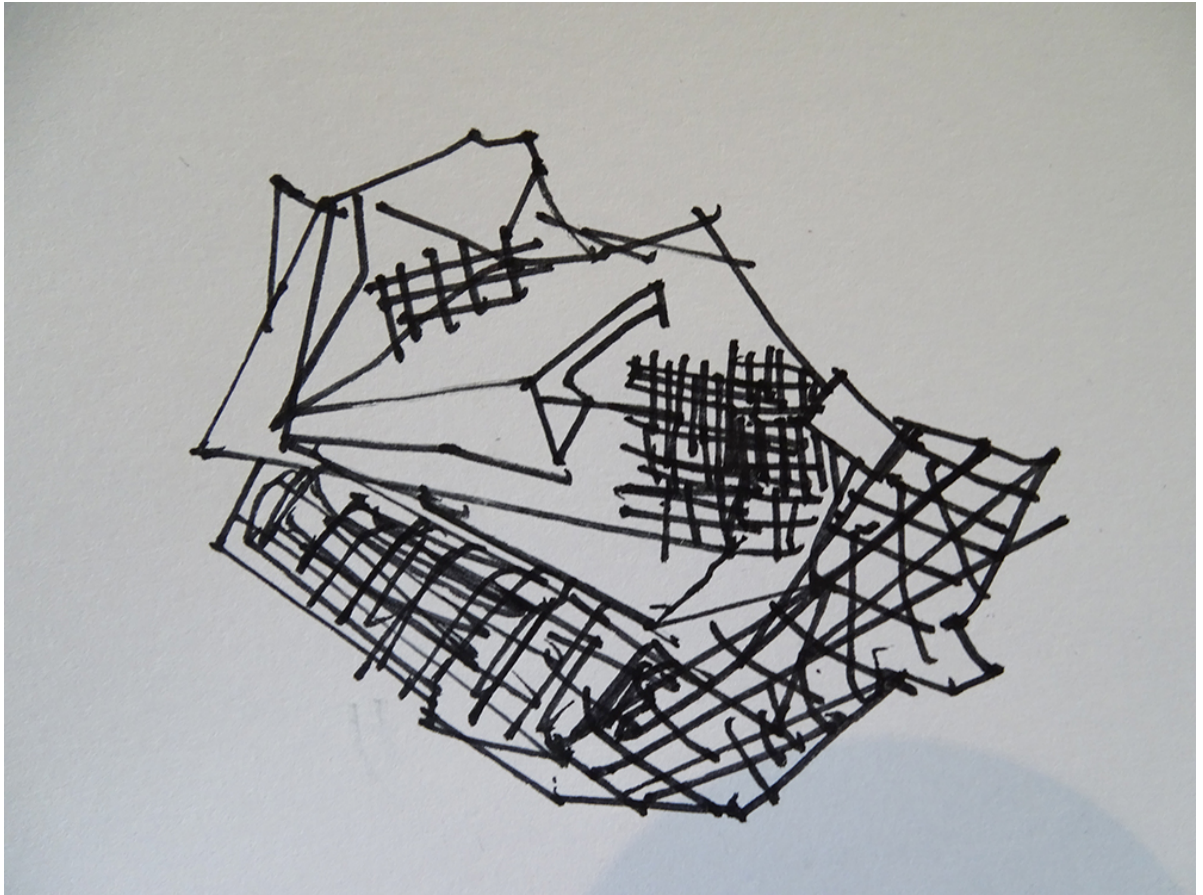
See Three Shapes



Explore outline, form and shadow using the simple “[See Three Shapes](#)” exercise. Create drawings on loose sheets of paper.

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Drawing with a Ruler



Challenge children to create observational “[Drawings with a Ruler](#)”. Consider how mark making can be used to contour, giving mass and form to the drawing. See “[Ruler Drawings](#)” created using more spherical subject matter and see how the drawings change.

Ask pupils to consider their favourite exercise from the session, which did they prefer and why?

▪ Week 4 & 5: Introduce an Artist

Introduce Christo and Jeanne-Claude

Introduce pupils to the work of Christo and Jeanne-Claude using “[Talking Points: Christo and Jeanne-Claude](#)”. Explore their drawings of wrapped monuments to see the first stages of their concepts.

▪ Drawing and Painting

Drawings With Mass



Bring in a physical subject matter, in this case potatoes and pebbles, and combine with the mark-making skills learnt previously, to explore how we can create a sense of form and 3d shape through line. Use the “[Drawings with Mass](#)” resource here. Work on loose sheets of paper.

What kinds of lines might they use to make a drawing of an object which feels heavy and solid? Where is the shadow? Where is the light? How can they make it feel rounded?

Backwards Sketchbook



Invite students to create a “[Backwards Sketchbook](#)” filled with loose works created throughout the pathway.

▪ Share & Celebrate

Share, Reflect, Discuss



Time to see the work which has been made, talk about intention and outcome.

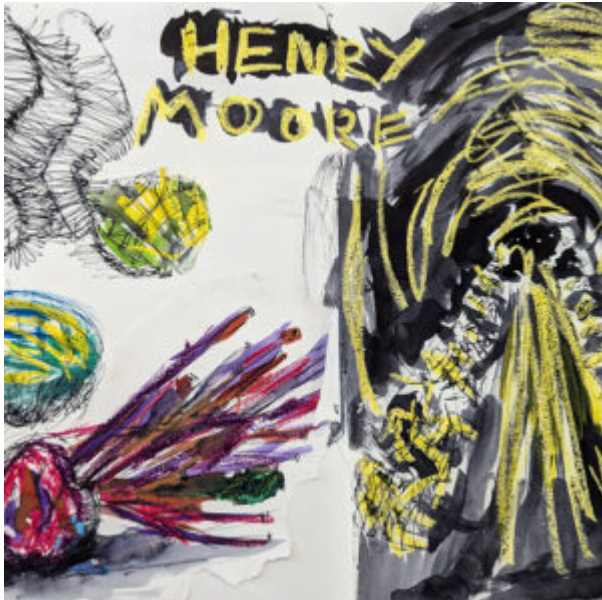
Invite children to display the work in a clear space and walk around the work as if they are in a gallery. Give the work the respect it deserves. Remind the children of their hard work.

If you have class cameras or tablets, invite the children to document their work, working in pairs or teams.

[Use the resource here to help you run a class "crit" to finish the project.](#)

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Core Value No 4: Through Small Acts Of Understanding We Can Enable Big Thinking

[AccessArt Core Value](#) #4 "Through small acts of understanding we can enable big thinking."
illustrated by [Rachel Ng](#)



Rachel Ng is a young illustrator from Hong Kong, currently studying illustration at Arts University Bournemouth. Her vibrant digital illustrations with bold characters are deeply inspired by fauvism and minimalism. Creating expressive and heart-warming illustrations, with different textures and shapes is one of her main explorations.

We love the story that this illustration by Rachel Ng tells. Building from a simple seed, the days and nights pass providing the nourishment that the seed needed to grow. The little faces and characters put such a smile on our faces and the colours are so joyful, it's hard not to feel excited by what the small acts of understanding can bring us when you see this illustration.

We feel that this illustration really resonates with the AccessArt core value, highlighting that great ideas and growth can take time, and the importance of trusting in the bigger picture and the incremental steps to get there, remaining patient and open to the journey, no matter how long it takes.

AccessArt Value #4

Through small acts of understanding we can enable big thinking.

How can we create small stepping stones of experience which enable us to explore complex ideas and experiences?

Comforting as it is to know that "A journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step,"* knowing what that single step might be is not always easy. In reality, growing our understanding so that we can aim to be expansive, visionary thinkers, whilst able to act incrementally to make change, doesn't just happen; it requires planning,

effort and commitment.

At AccessArt we have always been inspired by big thinking, and we have never hesitated to have our heads in a cloud space where ideas swirl around. We have always been interested in the why as well as the how; at our heart we are a philosophical organisation.

But our feet are firmly planted on the ground, and understanding how we create and present a series of smaller experiences which help us move towards an often unknown, but always intriguing, bigger understanding, is one of our strengths.

Keeping clear sight of the bigger picture, whilst being able to distil down key ideas or skills, is vital in enabling individuals or communities to feel like they can trust the logic of the next step, or the next stage, whilst being inspired onwards by the bigger prize. Trusting too that understanding builds even when the process isn't linear, and that getting lost along the way might make for a richer journey and deeper understanding.

This way of thinking applies to all creative thought and action – from the teachers and children in Primary School, to decision making in larger organisations. We are proud that as an organisation we can help enable this way of thinking and acting.

*Lao Tzu

[See our other Core Values here.](#)

Paula, April 2024

Adapting AccessArt: Egypt in Ink

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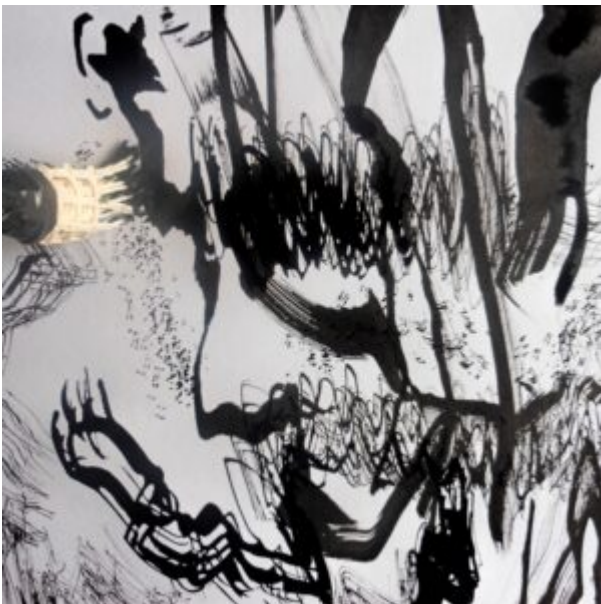


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Talking Points: Maurice Sendak

A collection of sources and imagery to explore the work of Maurice Sendak.

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AGES 5-8

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Maurice Sendak and Where The Wild Things Are

“Maurice Sendak (1928-2012) was born in Brooklyn, New York to Jewish immigrant parents from Poland. A largely self-taught artist, Sendak illustrated over one hundred-fifty books during his sixty-year career.” – [The Maurice Sendak Foundation](#)

As well as being an author and illustrator Sendak began a career as a costume and stage designer later in life.

Watch Sendak's illustrations come to life in this animation.

Find clear images of the illustrations in this video. Stop the video on some of the illustrations and discuss what the children can see. This might also be a good opportunity to create some visual notes.

Questions to Ask Children

What kind of mark making can you see in Sendak's drawings?

How do you think he made the marks? Can you make the action in the air? Would it be slow and careful, or quick and sketchy?

How would you describe the atmosphere in Sendak's illustrations?

Can you relate to the characters in the book? If so, how?

Can you name some of the different animal that you recognise in Sendak's Wild Things?

What is your favourite part of the story? Why do you like it?

How does the story make you feel?

Imagine your own Wild Thing...

- What might it look like and why?

- Is it friendly or frightening? Why?
- How might you interact with your Wild Thing?
- Where does it live and how do you find it?

This Talking Points Is Used In...

Pathway: Drawing and Making Inspired by Maurice Sendak

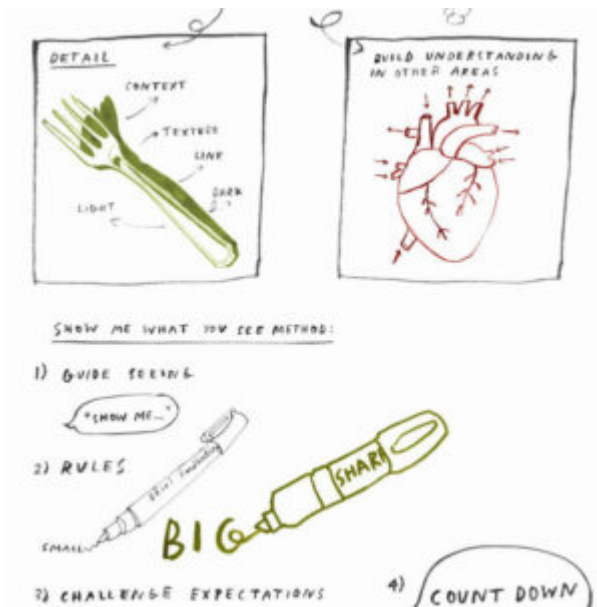


This is featured in the 'Drawing and Making Inspired by Maurice Sendak' pathway

using sketchbooks to make visual notes



Show me what you see



Talking Points: Christo and Jeanne-Claude

A collection of imagery and sources designed to introduce children to the work of artists Christo and Jeanne-Claude.

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AGES 9-11

AGES 11-14

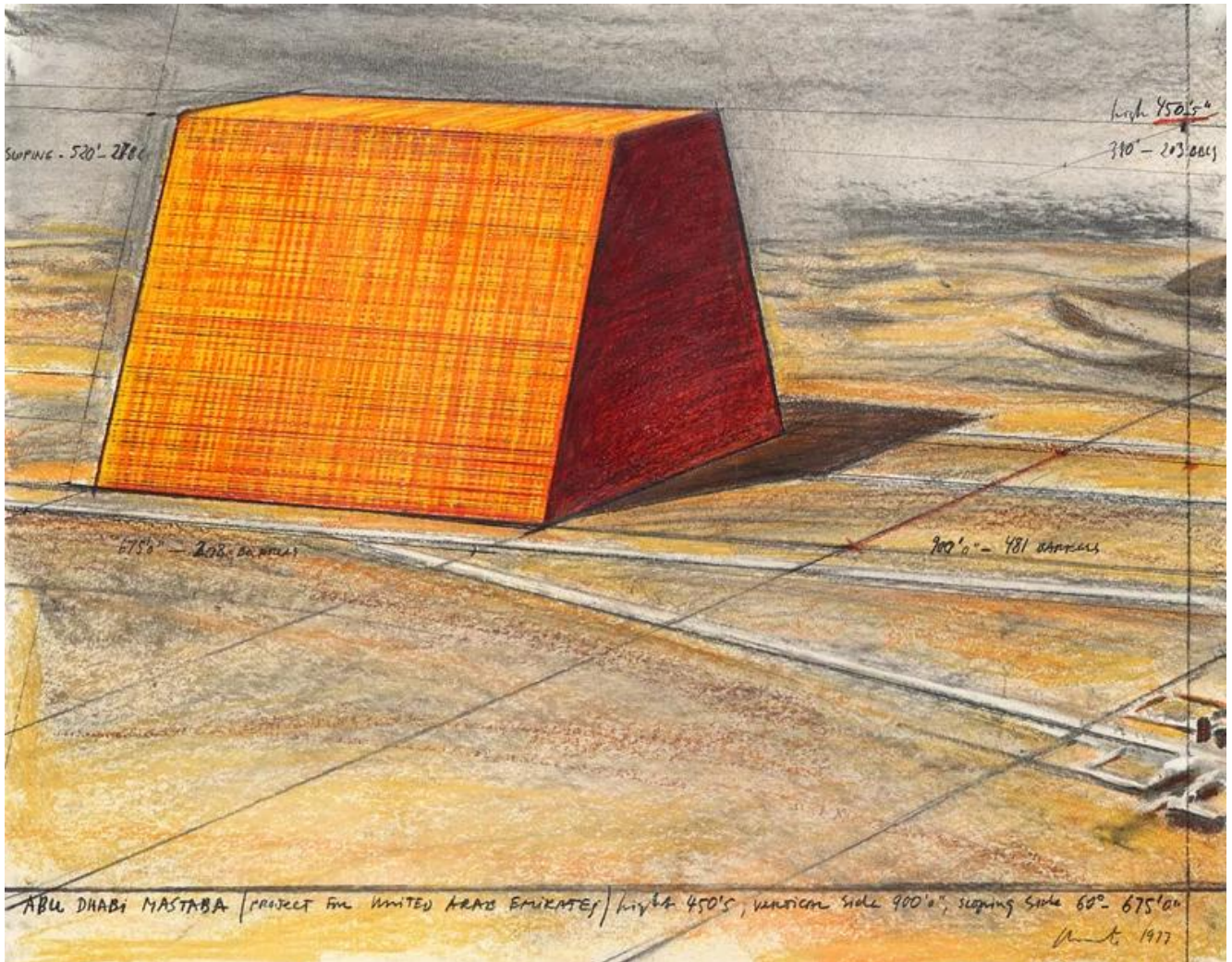
FREE TO ACCESS

Christo (1935-2020) and Jeanne-Claude (1935-2009) were multidisciplinary artists who created monumental outdoor installations, pushing the boundaries of painting, sculpture and architecture. They are known for wrapping structures, transforming islands and creating bright architectural structures in urban and rural environments.

Find out more about the life and works of Christo and Jeanne-Claude [here](#).

'The Mastaba'

A project for Abu Dhabi, was conceived in 1977. It will be the largest permanent work of art in the world, made from 410,000 multi-coloured barrels to form a colourful mosaic, echoing Islamic architecture. *The Mastaba* will be Christo and Jeanne-Claude's only permanent, large-scale public artwork, and also their final project.' – christojeanneclaude.net



Christo, Abu Dhabi Mastaba (Project for United Arab Emirates), Drawing 1977

Pencil, charcoal, wax crayon, and pastel 56 x 71 cm (22 x 28 in)

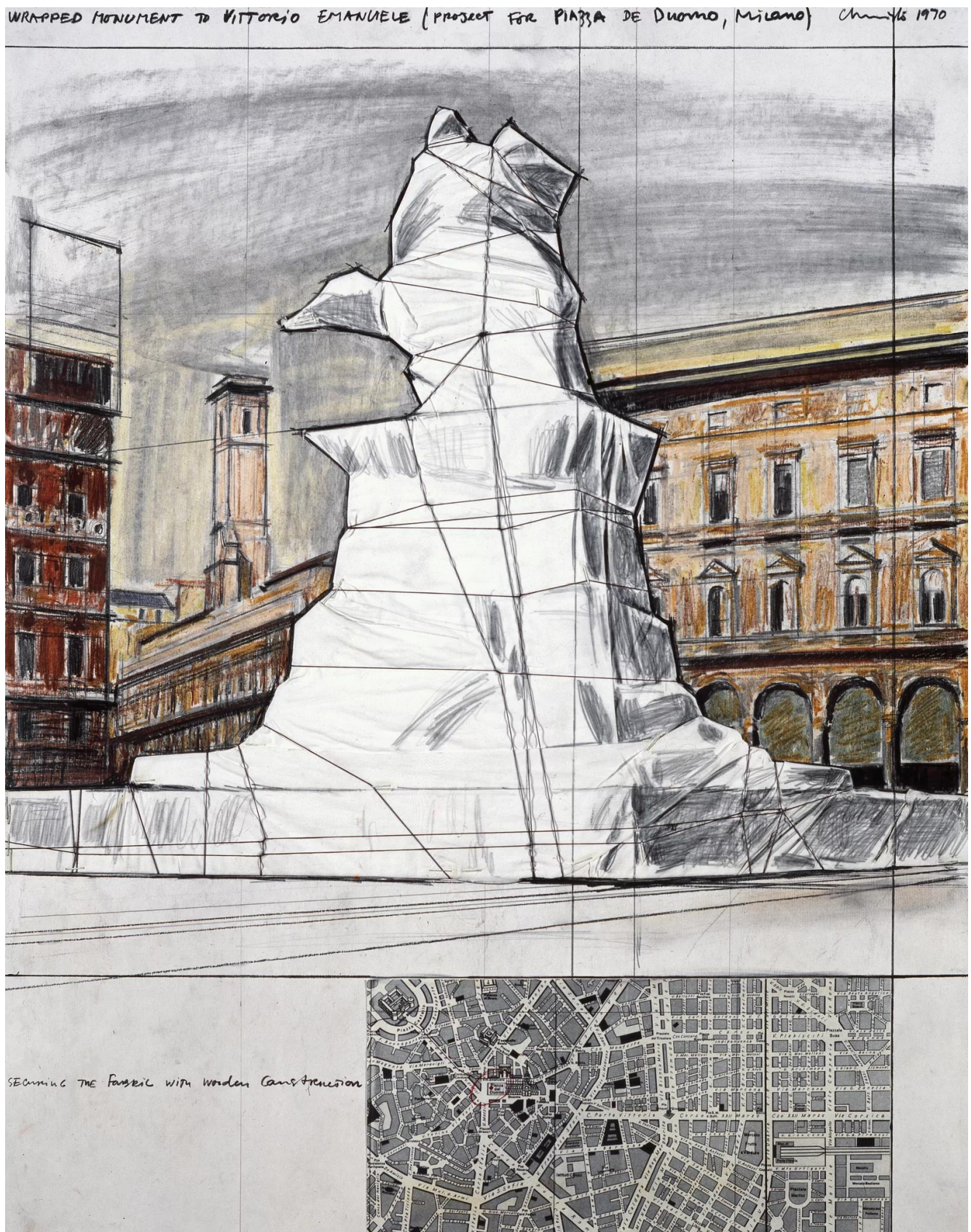
Collection Lilja Art Fund Foundation, Switzerland

Photo: Wolfgang Volz© 1977 Christo and Jeanne-Claude Foundation

'Wrapped Monuments', 1970, Milan, Italy

'The monument to the king of Italy Vittorio Emanuele II, on Piazza del Duomo, and the monument to Leonardo da Vinci, on Piazza della Scala, were

wrapped with polypropylene fabric and red polypropylene rope, in the fall of 1970, in Milan, Italy.' - christojeanneclaude.net



Christo, Wrapped Monument to Vittorio Emanuele (Project for

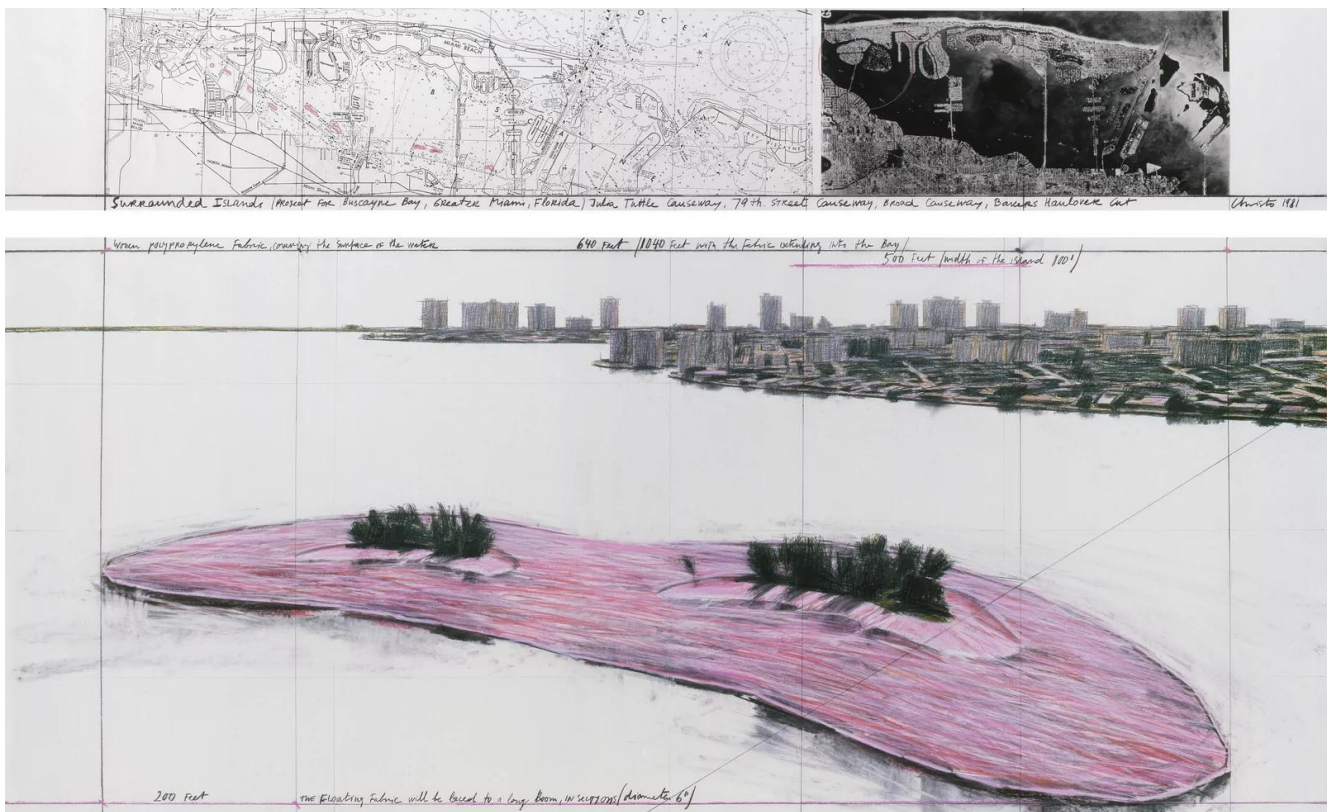
Piazza de Duomo, Milano), Collage 1970

Pencil, fabric, twine, charcoal, pastel, wax crayon, and map
71 x 56 cm (28 x 22 in)

Victoria and Albert Museum, London, United Kingdom Photo:
Shunk-Kender© 1970 Christo and Jeanne-Claude Foundation and J.
Paul Getty Trust

'Surrounded Island', 1980-83, Biscayne Bay, Greater Miami, Florida

'For two weeks, Surrounded Islands, spreading over 11.3 kilometers (7 miles), was seen, approached and enjoyed by the public, from the causeways, the land, the water and the air. The luminous pink colour of the shiny fabric was in harmony with the tropical vegetation of the uninhabited verdant islands, the light of the Miami sky and the colours of the shallow waters of Biscayne Bay.' – christojeanneclaude.net



Christo, Surrounded Islands (Project for Biscayne Bay, Greater

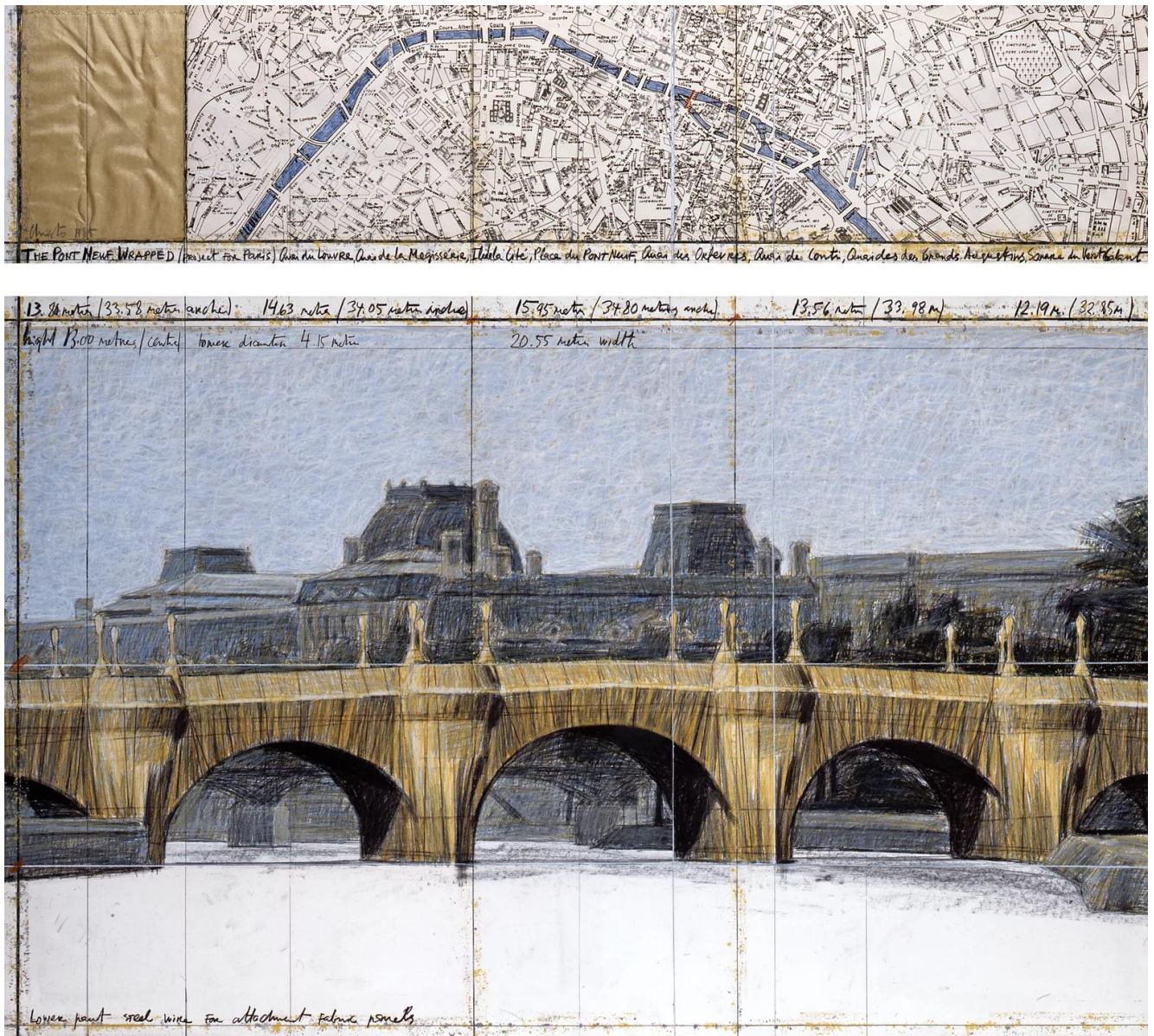
Miami, Florida), Drawing 1981 in two parts

Pencil, charcoal, pastel, wax crayon, aerial photograph, and map 38 x 244 cm and 106.6 x 244 cm (15 x 96 in and 42 x 96 in)

Property of the Estate of Christo V. Javacheff Photo: Wolfgang Volz© 1981 Christo and Jeanne-Claude Foundation

'The Pont Neuf Wrapped', 1975-85, Paris

'On September 22, 1985, a group of 300 professional workers completed the temporary work of art *The Pont Neuf Wrapped*. They had deployed 41,800 square meters (450,000 square feet) of woven polyamide fabric, silky in appearance and golden sandstone in colour.' Find out more about *The Pont Neuf Wrapped* at christojeanneclaude.net



Christo, The Pont Neuf Wrapped (Project for Paris), Drawing 1985 in two parts

Pencil, charcoal, wax crayon, map, and fabric sample 38 x 165 cm and 106.6 x 165 cm (15 x 65 in and 42 x 65 in)

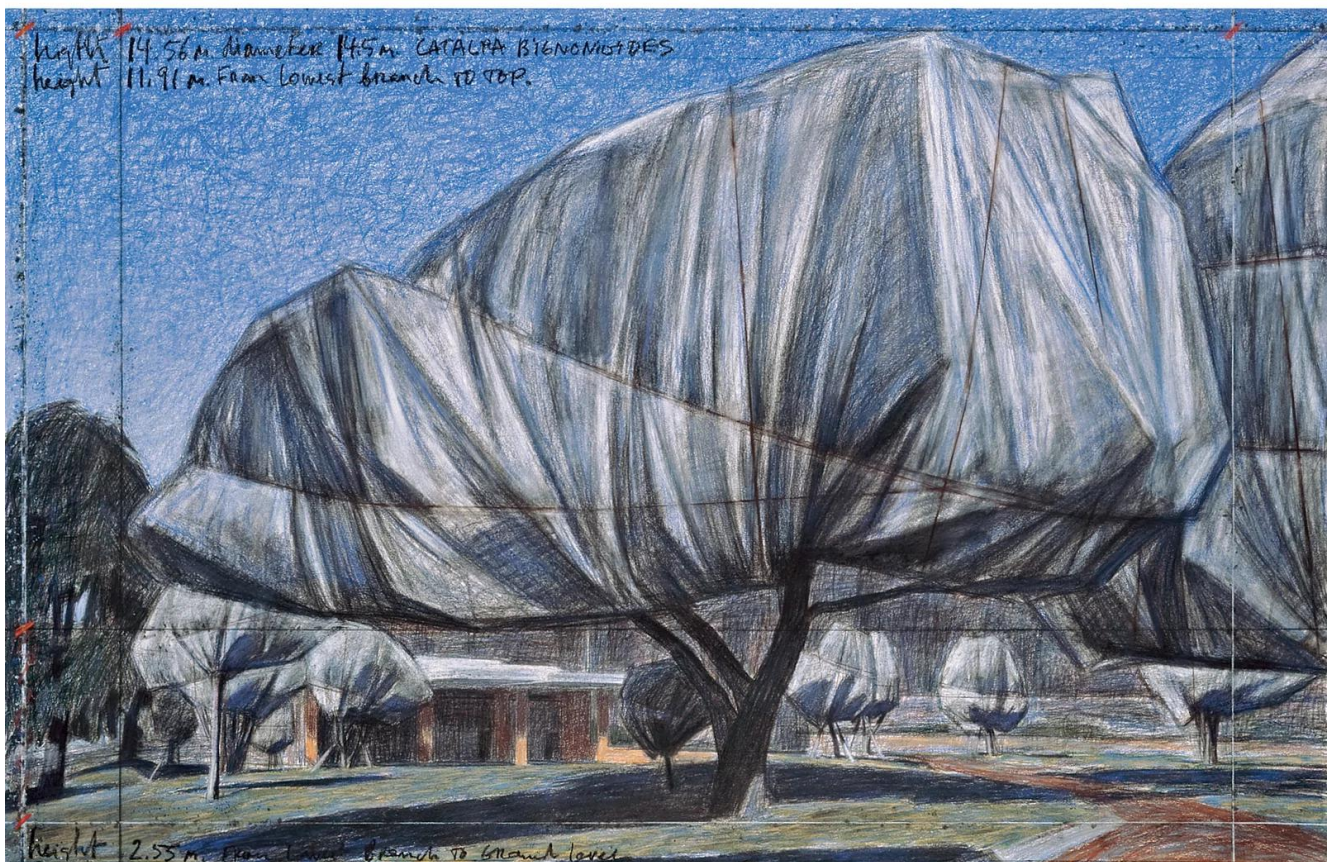
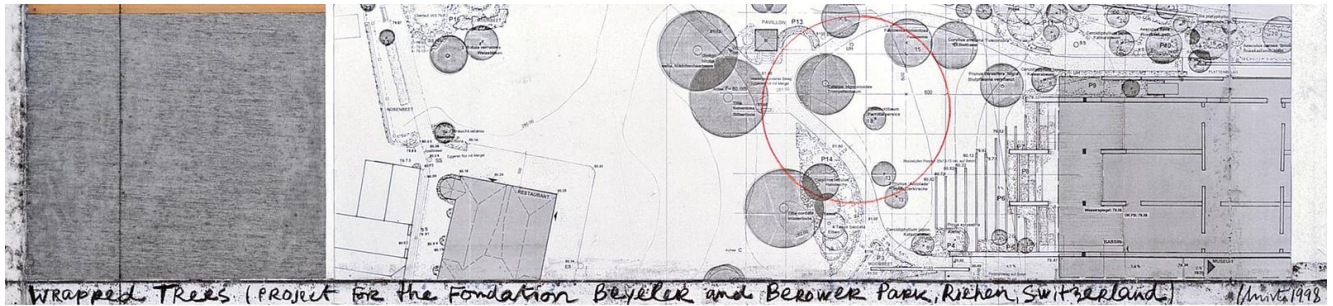
Private collection Photo: Wolfgang Volz© 1985 Christo and Jeanne-Claude Foundation

'Wrapped Trees', Fondation Beyeler and Berower Park, Riehen, Switzerland

'Starting on Friday, November 13, 1998, 178 trees were wrapped with 55,000 square meters (592,015 square feet) of woven polyester fabric (used every

winter in Japan to protect trees from frost and heavy snow) and 23 kilometers (14.3 miles) of rope. The wrapping was completed on November 22.'

– christojeanneclaude.net



Christo, Wrapped Trees (Project for the Fondation Beyeler and Berower Park, Riehen, Switzerland) Drawing 1998 in two parts Pencil, charcoal, pastel, wax crayon, fabric sample, technical data, topographic map, and tape 38 x 165 cm and 106.6 x 165 cm (15 x 65 in and 42 x 65 in)

Fondation Beyeler, Riehen, Switzerland Photo: André Grossmann© 1998 Christo and Jeanne-Claude Foundation

Questions to Ask Children

What kind of marks can you see in these drawings?

How has Christo used mark-making to create depth?

Do the drawings of the wrapped sculptures feel heavy or light?

Which wrapped installation is your favourite? Why?

How would you feel if you came across these wrapped installations in your street or playground, without knowing who had made them or why? What would you do?

How do you think Christo and Jeanne-Claude, the artists, choose where to make their wrapped installations?

How could you make similar installations in your setting? What would you wrap? What would you wrap it in?

What would other pupils in your school think if they discovered your wrapped installation? What do you think they would do?

This Talking Points Is Used In...

Additional Pathway: Exploring Form Through Drawing

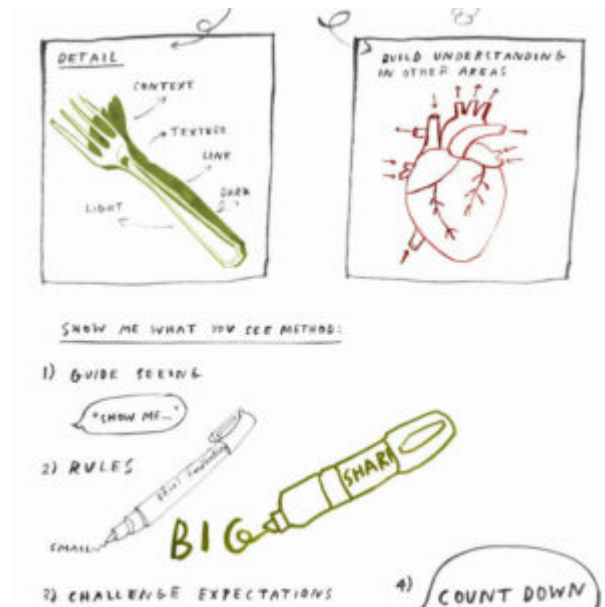


This is featured in the 'Exploring Form Through Drawing' pathway

using sketchbooks to make visual notes



Show me what you see



AccessArt Olympics: Sculptural Sneakers

[<<Explore Other Olympic Themes](#)

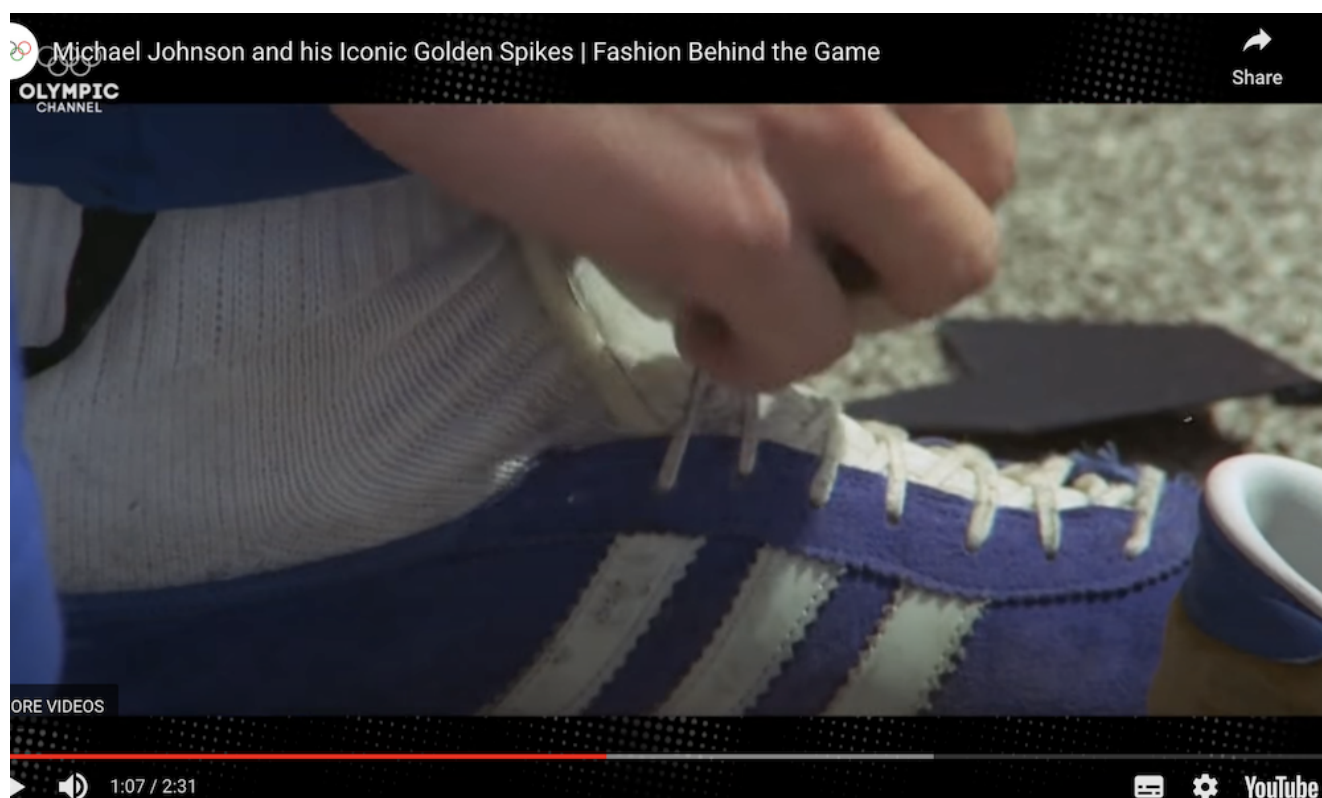
Explore the project below to help pupils consider how they might design trainers based on either Olympic [Athletics](#).

Trainer Design

Aim: To introduce pupils to shoe design with a focus on athletics and trainers. Pupils will get the opportunity to explore innovation and design through drawing and making.

Step 1: Introduce in Sketchbooks

Begin by introducing pupils to trainer design with the “[Talking Points: Trainer Design](#)” resource. Show them a series of videos which aim to prompt discussion around innovation, design and environmental implications of shoe design. Invite pupils to create “[Visual Notes](#)” in their sketchbooks inspired by what they see.



Step 2: Drawing and Sketchbooks

Place a trainer on each table. Invite pupils to create their own “[Folded Sketchbook](#)” and set them drawing challenges by adapting the “[Using a Folded Sketchbook to Get Drawing](#)” using the shoe as the subject matter. For each different drawing exercise swap the shoes around.

Next, invite pupils to make annotations and adjustments to their drawings based on any invented shoe technology they would like to add to their trainers.



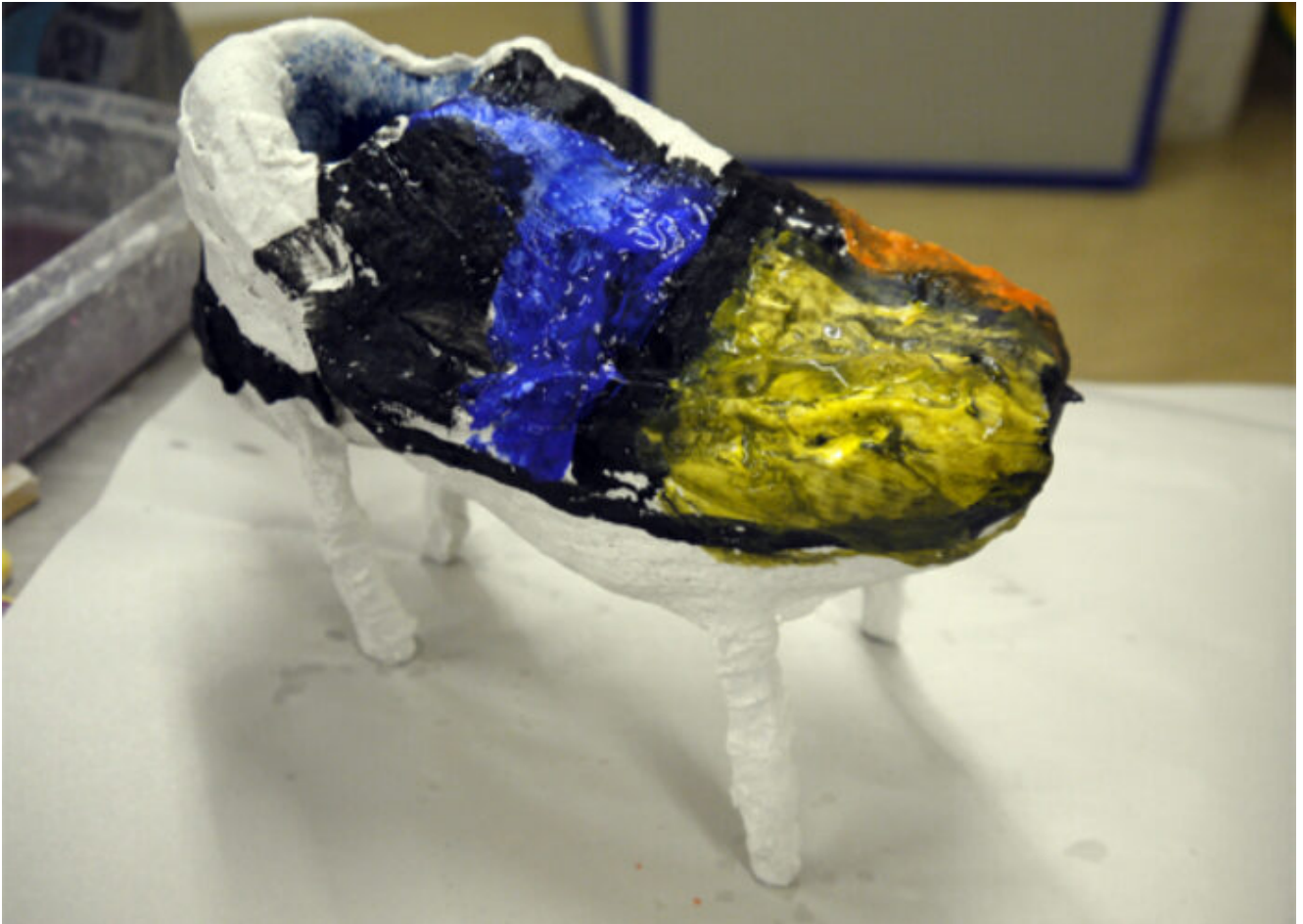
Step 3: Making

Use air-dry clay to create trainers using the “[Shoe La-La](#)” resource. Bring in trainers as inspiration for the clay shoes. Use some of the techniques from the last step to build up the shoes.



Or..

You may like to try creating “[Sculptural Modroc Shoes](#)” instead. Ask children to bring in old trainers, or pick up some from charity shops to use at the base for new trainer designs. Make additional features by [creating small armatures](#) and incorporating them into the shoe design.



Step 4: Reflect

[Use the resource here to help you run a class "crit" to finish the project.](#)

Invite children to display the work in a clear space on tables or on the wall. Recap with them about the exploration – where they started, what they discovered and what they enjoyed.

If you have class cameras or tablets, invite the children to document their work, working in pairs or teams.



ACCESSART OLYMPIC RESOURCES

AGES 5-8

AGES 9-11

AGES 11-14

Materials:

Trainers as subject matter

Sketchbooks

A2 Paper

Drawing materials

For Shoe La-La:

Air-drying clay

Rolling pins

Burlap/hessian mat

Wooden battens

Tools for clay

Clay Slip (mix a lump of clay with water to create a creamy consistency and store in a jar with a sealed lid)

Acrylic Paint

PV Glue

For Sculptural Modroc Shoes:

Modroc

An old trainer

Acrylic Paint

Extra materials such as lollysticks or newspaper to make armatures

PVA glue

Adaptations:

You could look into shoe design for sports that don't require trainers, for example dancing shoes or winter sports shoes.

Explore Other Resources in Athletics:



Making Medals



Sporting Sculptures

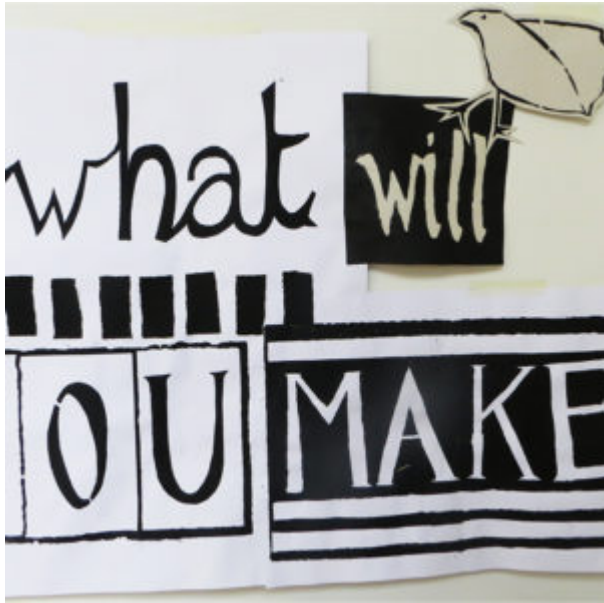


Sportswear Design

Explore other olympic themes
history



Values



ceremony

