Adapting AccessArt: Playful Making Inspired by Nnena Kalu

By Lorna Greenwood

In this post Lorna Greenwood, Teaching assistant and Art specialist at St Teresa's Roman Catholic Primary School, shares with us how she used the Primary Art Curriculum pathway 'Playful Making' for a year one class (ages 5-6) and adapted the AccessArt resource to develop collaborative sculpture.



Session One:

The children at this age really love watching the video resources. We started by watching the 'Introducing Sculpture' video from which their inquisitive minds had plenty of

questions. We discussed scale and materials before moving onto looking at the artist <u>Linda Bell</u>. They were excited by the idea that her sculptures are supposed to be explored through collaboration, touch and play. They reflected on her work through questioning using the talking points resource and commented how they wanted to be part of her work.

We then moved onto <u>Nnena Kalu</u>, again watching the video resources. I asked the pupils what could they see? Did it remind them of anything? And how did it made them feel? These questions were taken from the <u>Talking Points resource</u>, however rather than rhythm and pace questions that were suggested, I asked them to consider the movements she made when making her works. Pupils were asked to mimic this action in the air. We discussed this action and how it was repetitive, linking it to our previous pathway '<u>Simple Printing</u>'.

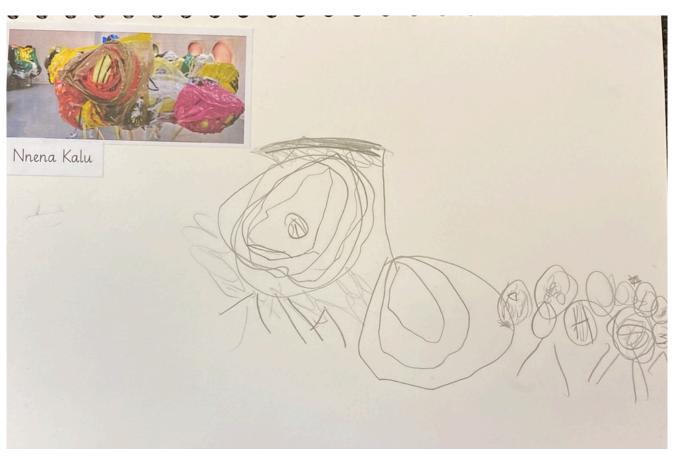
I then froze our interactive whiteboard to hold a still of one of Nnena's works to carry out a 'Show Me What You See' activity. Children sometimes contain their drawings to a small area and can find it challenging to work bigger. To encourage them to use the whole page I always give examples, a quick sketch of a tiny picture on a page compared to an image that fills the page; I have the children tell me which is more effective. I encourage them to look at what they are going to draw to help them select landscape or portrait orientation. They hold their sketchbooks up to show me their choice before we start.

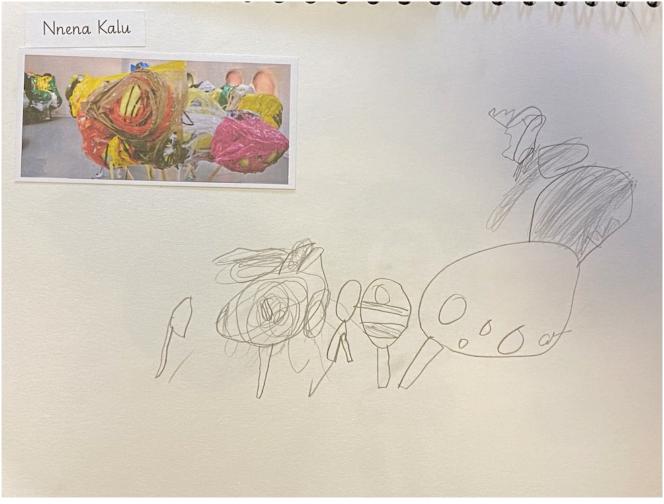


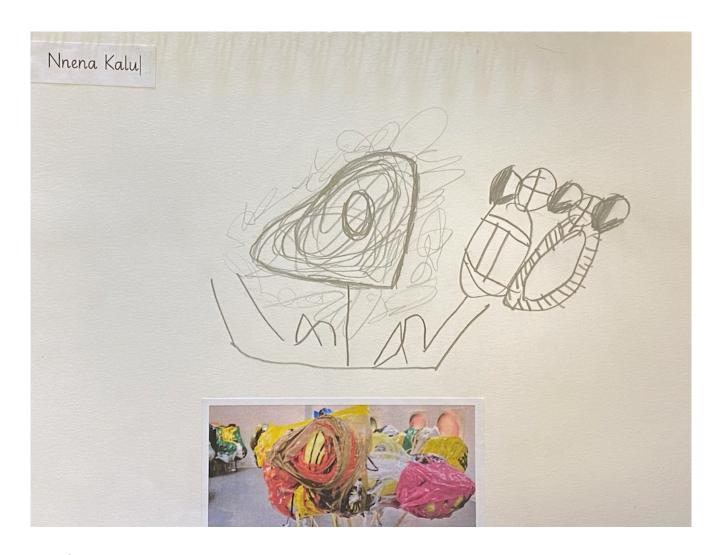
When we set to drawing, I encouraged them to look out for the main shapes or lines within the image and where they are placed within the image, to help with placement on their page. We took it step by step to place these main features and as their work progressed I could point out smaller details and encouraged them to point out things they have noticed too. The repeated rhythm of Nnena's binding technique really helped the children understand how to make marks to replicate her work in a drawing.











Session Two:

Continuing to follow the pathway, I used the 'Prompt Cards for Making' resource, however, I was selective with which prompt card I gave the children for the next activity 'Design Through Making'. I chose the prompts: 'Make Something which Balances', 'Make Something which Contains Something Else', 'Make a Family of Things' and 'Make Something which Stands on 3 Points'.

In our setting we have four tables seating eight at each, so I found it reasonable to use just four cards, one per table. I added a tray to each table containing a range of materials; paper plates, string, wire, tape, blu-tack, art straws, plastic cutlery, pipe cleaners, scissors, glue, card, bubble wrap, wool, sellotape and masking tape to name a few.

To manage this activity without interrupting their own learning through doing, I set ground rules before they

started. Their table equipment was for their table only; they were to share with others on their table and were shown how to use equipment such as scissors and wire safely. Once I had explained each tables task, they were able to independently explore and make, with only a few prompts or suggestion from myself. The children, who can be quite chatty when undertaking provision to my surprise were extremely quiet. Their concentration and eagerness to understand the materials and how they worked with one another was astonishing.









It was due to their amazing engagement with this activity, as well as how many were actively helping each other navigate the materials, which prompted the idea of a collaboration adaptation to the project.

Session Three:

I collected and prepared a range of materials appropriate to recreate their own versions of Nnena Kalu's sculptures. This included bubble wrap, a large roll of craft paper however parcel paper would work just as well, cut down bamboo poles to use as legs if required, masking tape and a range of different coloured electrical tapes. The more tape the better as they get through it quickly!

Before they undertook the activity we talked about the repetitive actions Nnena used when creating her work and demonstrated how to bind a ball of bubble wrap. Their only prompt for their outcome was to create their own Nnena Kalu inspired sculpture. I suggested creating individually bound items to then connect together but it was ultimately up to each team how they worked together.

I reminded them again about their tables equipment, sharing, safety when using scissors and working as a team. They were eager to get going and their concentration throughout the activity was clear to see. Pupils were praised throughout for their teamwork and how they communicated instructions to one another was exemplary. Their development of working with a range of materials had clearly improved again through the design through making process.













Each team was asked to display their final sculptures on their table and tidy their area.









Once pupils had finished making, tidied their tables and displayed their sculptures, they were encouraged to look at

the other outcomes. We discussed how, even though they had all been given the same equipment, each sculpture was very different. I gave a little Lego man to each group too to help them understand scale further. We discussed how the sculptures looked to them as a smaller object and how it would look like to the Lego man as a large sculpture. See how to run a class crit here.



The children were very proud of their work and so we displayed it on the school corridor for the rest of the school to see.



Pupils continued the <u>Playful Making pathway</u> over the next 3 sessions, choosing to follow the <u>Creativity Medals</u> project just in time for our sports day celebrations.

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We believe everyone has the right to be creative and by working together and sharing ideas we can enable everyone to reach their creative potential.

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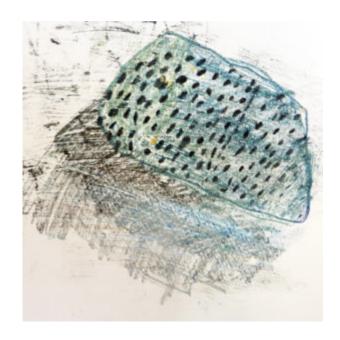


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AccessArt Value #3: Having the Confidence to Hold Ideas Lightly, Enables us to Create Space for Everyone to Reach their Potential

AccessArt Core Value #3 "Having the Confidence to Hold Ideas Lightly, Enables us to Create Space for Everyone to Reach their Potential" illustrated by Jagoda Sadowska.



Jagoda is a Polish illustrator and designer based in Glasgow, Scotland. They are a big advocate of joyful colour palettes and a great enthusiast of textures. Jagoda's work is full of juvenile sense of humour and hopeless romanticism. They enjoy exploring narrative abilities of illustration and tell absurd stories or complex feelings through their work. They find a lot of beauty and inspiration in mundane, day to day life. At AccessArt we love the colour, energy and humour that Jagoda pours into their work. The playfulness of their artwork brings a real joy to the viewer and we are really excited by the clever way in which Jagoda has communicated the core value 'Having the confidence to hold ideas lightly, enables us to create space for everyone to reach their potential'.

We feel that this illustration really resonates with the AccessArt core value highlighting that there is importance in giving people the freedom to face the unknown, get lost in their ideas and pave their own path. Existing in a space of 'not knowing' and finding your own way will result in a journey that is authentically yours.

AccessArt Value #3

When we feel threatened, or lack confidence, we have a tendency to hold things tightly. They might be entrenched ideas, beliefs, behaviours — even loved ones — fear of uncertainty keeps us tense, rigid, small.

But the opposite is also true. It's so much easier to be open and embracing towards others when we ourselves feel at ease. Think power pose — body open, strong, reaching outwards. Taking up as much space as can be taken up at that moment. But remember there is no aggression in power pose — the body is actually exposed and vulnerable, but there is no fear — instead there is courage to be

open enough to be strong.

When exploring ideas and practices in art, holding ideas lightly is such a helpful process. When artists make work, they often start from a position of "not knowing" — that is why they make the work — to explore, to find out, to uncover, and they can't access that journey if they are not willing to hold their thoughts loosely, letting them ravel and unravel.

Through holding lightly, art can help us feel safe in the territory of "not yet knowing" which is a useful place to be, a place which helps us to learn to feel safe in the face of uncertainty.

And when we facilitate that exploration in others, holding ideas and preconceptions lightly allows space for our learners to make ideas their own. Art is all about experiential understanding. As facilitators we can help our audiences grow, and we can hint and tempt and signpost them towards discovery and understanding, but if we can do this by offering rather than telling, then we leave space for the learning to be truly theirs. By growing our own knowledge as facilitators we build our confidence to not be afraid, not be threatened and not hold tightly. We are able to see the teaching of art for what it really is — a service which taps into fulfilling a human need for expression and empathy.

But few of us can thrive when there is too much

space. We do need structures to help us think and operate, so the question for facilitators (and for AccessArt) is how do we provide enough structure to help people feel safe, and enough space to help facilitate exploration.

So next time you feel contraction from fear or uncertainty, think about the confidence and openness of power pose. Better still, visualise yourself holding your hand out, palm upwards. What sits on your palm? And how loosely can you hold it?

See all our core values here.

Paula Briggs, April 2023

CPD Recording: Connecting Approaches

AccessArt Value #2: Enthusiasm is Infectious and We Can all Play a Role in

Fuelling or Stalling the Creative Potential of Others

AccessArt Core Value #2 "Enthusiasm is Infectious and We Can all Play a Role in Fuelling or Stalling the Creative Potential of Others" illustrated by Lizzie Lovejoy.



Lizzie Lovejoy is a North East based working-class Poet, Performer and Picture Maker who loves stories. They believe that everyone deserves to experience art and everyone has a tale to tell.

With community and culture being at the core of Lizzie's work, we felt that they would be a perfect fit to work on the core value 'Enthusiasm is infection and we can all play a role in fuelling or stalling the creative potential of others'. We love the playful outcome of the illustration, symbolising the enthusiasm, playfulness and creative potential that can be found in all young people, and should be nurtured through the communities around them.

AccessArt Value #2

What is our individual responsibility to those around us? What do we do, to encourage or interrupt positivity? How might we enable a more curious and playful approach?

"85% of the men and women who I interviewed remembered an event in school that was so shaming, it changed how they thought of themselves for the rest of their lives. Fifty percent of that 85% percent, half of those people: those shame wounds were around creativity. So fifty percent of those people have art scars. Have creativity scars." — Brene Brown, Magic Lessons

The statistic from Brene Brown's research are

staggering but not surprising — we all have examples in our own lives of when we have been "stopped" by an often casual comment by someone about the way we express ourselves. These stray comments about creativity seem to cut straight to the quick. For me, it was when I was eight. Until then I had sung out loud happily enough. But then one day, a boy I was sitting next to in assembly at school asked me why my voice had a weird "lining" to it when I sang (I imagine I was out of tune and merrily unaware). So from that day on — I mimed. Happy to say I'm over it now and singing to my baby daughter proved to me I could hold a tune "enough" and that was all that mattered.

But many of us are stopped before we even get started, and we don't recover. Luckily the opposite is also true, and we can SO easily be enabled by others, and enable others, by thoughtful, careful approach.

It's easy to fall into the mindset whereby we wait for things to improve, but there is a greater reality at play: while we actively campaign and patiently wait for things in art education to bloom, we don't want to let down whole generations by not doing the very best we can do for them now.

So, positivity is important. Not a mindless positivity but an intentional and insightful positivity which makes people around feel safe, supported and carried.

For AccessArt, that means a few things. It means reassuring our users that their heartful instinct is to be followed, even if it doesn't always chime with the "systems" around us. It means acknowledging overwhelm in the face of inexperience is valid and to be expected, but that there are people around who can support and guide. It means nurturing environments in which learners and educators have a safe space in which to explore their creativity, supported by stepping stones or a framework they can hold on to. And it means lightening up - remembering that as humans we are SO privileged to have access to this thing we call creativity - so let's be playful and celebratory - and most of all gentle. These are big aims, but they are made real by tiny everyday actions and intentions...

See all our core values here.

Adapting AccessArt: Making Birds Pathway for Pupils With Special Educational Needs

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Key Differences Between Sketchbooks and Exercise Books

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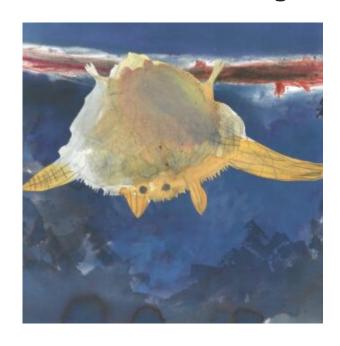
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Pathway: An Exploration of Coal Mining, Inspired By Henry Moore

Pathway for Years 4 & 5

Disciplines:

Drawing, Sketchbooks, Construction

Key Concepts:

- That when we draw, we can use expressive marks to create tonal variety.
- -That we can use both images and words as a starting point to create work.

- -That we can combine drawing and making to make a creative response.
- That when we photograph 3D work, we can use light and tonal value to capture a sense of space, and we can use the qualities of the material (charcoal) to capture the atmosphere.

In this pathway, children discover how they can combine drawing and making to capture a sense of enclosed space using charcoal and model making materials.

Children are freed from the constraints of creating representational drawings based on observation — instead they use the qualities of the medium to work in dynamic ways. They will also see how 2d drawing can be combined with 3d making to create a sense of space.

Theme: Coal mining, Relationship of Body to Place, Enclosed Spaces

Medium:

Charcoal, Construction Materials

Artists: Henry Moore

This pathway will take approximately half a term, based upon a weekly art lesson.

If you use this resource in your setting, please tag us on social media: #InspiredBy @accessart (facebook, twitter) @accessart.org.uk (instagram)

and share the url. Thank you!

This pathway has been made in response to the exhibition <u>Drawing in The Dark</u>, a curation of <u>Henry Moore's coal mining drawings</u>, inspired by the release of a <u>new book</u> written by art historian (and AccessArt Trustee), Chris Owen.



Additional Pathway

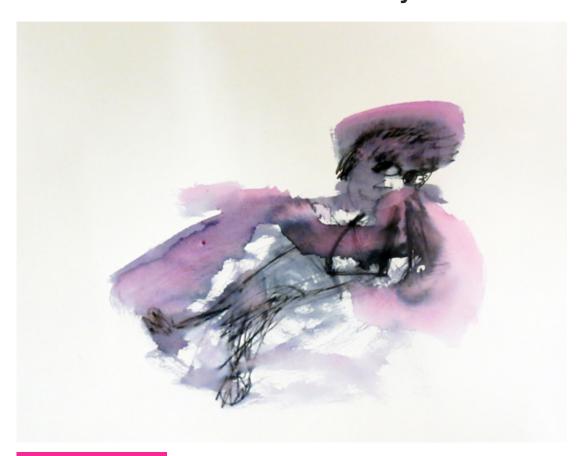
This pathway is an additional pathway to help you extend, develop or further personalise the AccessArt Primary Art Curriculum.

We suggest this pathway is used to replace a "Working in 3 Dimensions" (Blue) or a "Drawing and

Sketchbooks" (Orange) pathway for ages 7 and above.

It could replace the drawing pathway "Gestural Drawing with Charcoal" pathway or making pathway "Set Design".

You may also like to use the activities in this pathway with a smaller group of children in an after school club or community context.



AGES 5-8

AGES 9-11

Teaching Notes

Find the MTP for this pathway here.

Session Recording: Exploring Charcoal

Curriculum Links

History: World War II

Science: Rocks, Electricity, Environmental changes

PSHE: Supports Responsibility to the planet,

Collaboration, Peer Discussion.

I Can...

- I can explore how artists sometimes make art inspired by certain places/experiences
- I have experimented with the types of marks I can make with charcoal
- I can use light and dark tonal values to create atmosphere in my work
- I can construct a model using cardboard and paper, combining drawing and making to make my own creative response
- I can talk about the work I have made with my

classmates, sharing the things I thought were successful and thinking about things I would like to try again

- -I can appreciate the work of my classmates and I can share my response to their work, identifying similarities and differences in our approach and outcomes.
- -I can take photographs of my work thinking about presentation, focus and lighting.

Time

This pathway takes 6 weeks, with an hour per week. Shorten or lengthen the suggested pathway according to time and experience. Follow the stages in green for a shorter pathway or less complex journey.

Materials

Medium/large cardboard box, newsprint, charcoal (ideally both willow and compressed), erasers, black and white chalk, rags.

Construction Materials (see <u>list here</u>)

Pathway: An Exploration of Coal Mining

A PDF of this pathway can be found here.

-Aims of the Pathway

In this pathway pupils explore the work of Henry Moore made in response to working in a coal mine. Pupils explore how they can create atmospheric marks using charcoal, and use their own drawings as collage material when constructing a model.

• Week 1: Introduce

Explore Henry Moore Drawing in The Dark

In 1942 Henry Moore spent one week creating observational drawings down the same coal mine that his father had worked in.

Use the "Talking Points: Henry Moore Drawing in The Dark" resource to open up discussions about Moore's coal mining drawings. Invite children to create "Visual Notes" inspired by the work that they see and the discussions

that result on loose paper.

•Week 2: Drawing and Sketchbooks

Drawing Coal Mines

Use the "Drawing Source Material: Coal Mines" resource to get pupils to create drawings of coal mines using charcoal, focusing on light and dark areas.

Choose stills from the videos and give children time to capture the environment of the miners. Consider how erasers might help to create lighter areas or highlight structures. Explore "Talking Points: What is Chiaroscuro?" to find out how artists use light and dark to create an atmosphere.

Work on loose sheets of paper and finish the session by creating a "Backward Sketchbook" from all of the work created in the first two weeks.

• Choose...

Choose a Stimulus

Decide if you would like to use visual prompts or a quote as the stimulus for the coal mine structure...

■Option 1: Weeks 3 & 4: Inspired by Imagery

Charcoal Cave



Use and adapt the "Charcoal Cave" resource to create a coal mine.

Refer back to sketchbook drawings and notes to help capture the sense of place.

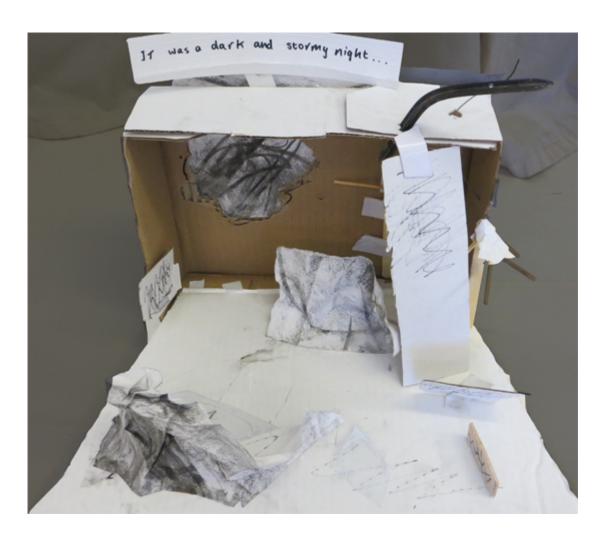
Provide pupils with stills from the films in the "<u>Drawing Source Material</u>" while they build their sets. Encourage children to build their own props.

Consider the structure of a mine, thinking about the layout and equipment used to ensure the workers were safe.

. 0r...

■Option 2: Week 3 & 4: Inspired by Quotes

Set Design



Use and adapt the "<u>Set Design with Primary Aged Children</u>" resource and give children the opportunity to build a set using quotes from the "<u>Talking Points: Drawing in The Dark</u>" as a starting point.

Combine this activity with part 1 of the "Charcoal Cave" to explore mark making with charcoal. Use the charcoal drawings to create an impactful space inspired by a quote.

•Optional:

Add Figurative Drawings



Use and adapt the "Exaggerating to Communicate" resource. Invite pupils to adopt the poses that miners had to squeeze into, to access smaller areas within the mines. Ask them to draw how it feels.

Cut out the drawings and add them to the charcoal coal mining sets.



Or use and adapt the "Drawings with Mass" resource to create a sense of weight in drawings.

• Week 5: Photography

Photograph

Invite children to take photos of their sets in a dark room, using a torch to highlight areas of their coal mines and to capture the sense of space.



Use and adapt this resource to find out how children can take high quality photographs of "3D Artwork".

Ask children to select their favourite images to print and add to sketchbooks.

•Week 6: Present & Share

Share, Reflect & Discuss



Clear a space and present drawings, sketchbooks, models and photographs.

Walk around the space as if it were a gallery. Enable a conversation about the journey and skills learnt.

Reflect on the work that has been made by running a class "crit".

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Pathway: How can i use light & dark to create a sense of space, Inspired by Henry Moore?



For ages 11-14, explore this pathway inspired by Henry Moore's coal mining drawings

PATHWAY: HENRY MOORE & THE SHELTER DRAWINGS



Explore the Shelter Drawings by Henry Moore with this pathway aimed at Primary ages

See the Pathway Used in Schools...













CPD Recording: Still Life Pathway

Pathway: How Can I Use Light & Dark To Create A Sense Of Space? (Inspired By The Coal Mining Drawings Of Henry Moore)

Discipline: Drawing, Collage, Set Design

In this pathway, suitable for ages 11 to 14, we explore a series of coal mining drawings made by Henry Moore. Use his work as the basis for conversation in the classroom, and then use the AccessArt resources below to enable a contextual exploration of figurative drawing, mark-making and collage, or scratch model design, inspired by Moore's work.

This pathway has been made in response to the exhibition <u>Drawing in The Dark</u>, a curation of <u>Henry Moore's coal mining drawings</u>, inspired by the release of a <u>new book</u> written by art historian (and AccessArt Trustee), Chris Owen.

Theme:

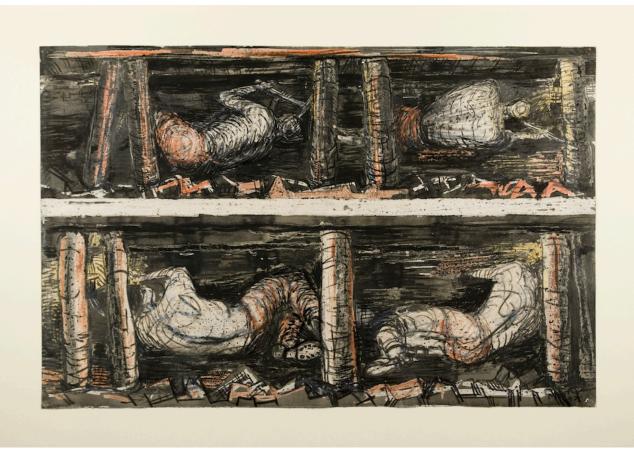
Mining

Medium:

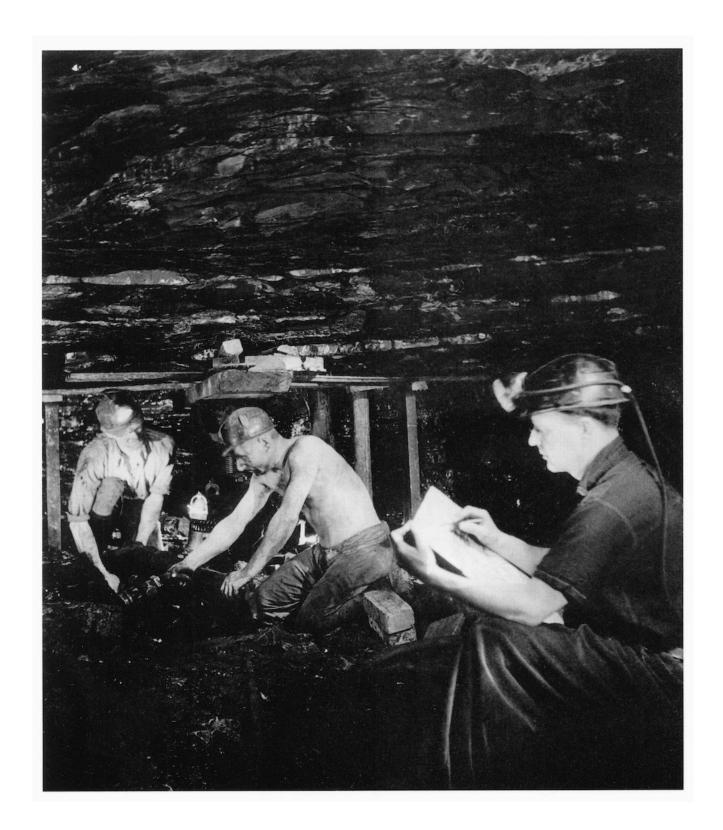
Paper, Charcoal, Cardboard

Artist: Henry Moore

If you use this resource in your setting, please tag us on social media: #InspiredBy @accessart (facebook, twitter) @accessart.org.uk (instagram) and share the url. Thank you!



Four Studies of Miners at the Coalface, 1942, drawing. (HMF 2000a). Photo Michael Phipps. Reproduced by permission of The Henry Moore Foundation copy



1942 Henry Moore sketching two miners at Wheldale Colliery Henry Moore Foundation archive 7 \times 8" black and white print. Photo: Reuben Saidman

Explore an Artist...

Talking Points: Henry Moore

Explore "Talking Points: Henry Moore" to introduce the artist and his 'Pit Project' to students. Use the questions to prompt discussion about the processes used by Moore and the work he created.

Invite students to make some "Visual Notes" as they watch the video.

A Brief History of Coal Mining

Watch some videos depicting the day-to-day life of a coal miner at "Drawing source Material: Coal Mining".

Pause the films on interesting compositions and invite students to draw in sketchbooks. Take inspiration from the "Show Me What You See" resource to guide the session.



Pit Boys at Pit Head 1942 by Henry Moore, Wakefield Permanent Art Collection Image Courtesy of The Hepworth Wakefield LR copy



Figurative Drawing

Henry Moore created drawings of coal miners as they worked. You may want students to create some figurative drawings of classmates in sketchbooks.

A photographer once captured images of Moore drawing the miners as they worked. Use the "Drawing Someone Drawing Something" resource to emulate this idea.

Focus on drawing faces using the "Portrait Club" resource as inspiration for a classroom set up.



Mark-Making and Collage

In this resource, artist Laura McKendry demonstrates different ways to make expressive marks using charcoal, in order to create a collage of a coal mine scene.

Use the "Expressive Charcoal Collage: Coal Mines"
to encourage students to explore ways of working

expressively and abstractly using charcoal, and explore different mark-making processes to portray the enclosed space of a coal mine.



Set Design

Use and adapt "Introducing Set Designing — Exercise to Respond to Text" to create scratch set designs inspired by texts about Henry Moore's coal mining experience.

Refer to "Talking Points: Henry Moore" to find texts to inspire the creation of scratch models.

CPD Recording: Sketchbook

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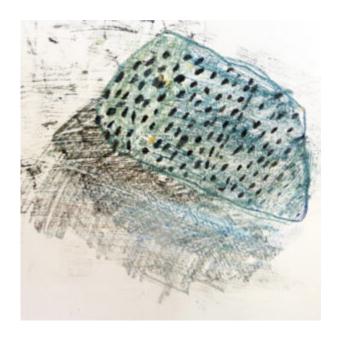
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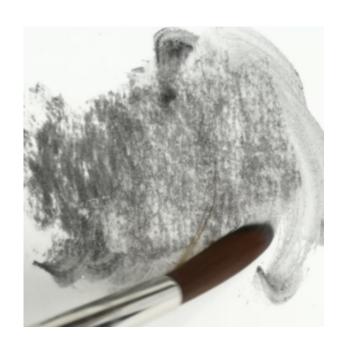


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charcoal cave



introduction to charcoal



Pathway: An Exploration of Coal Mining, Inspired By Henry Moore



CPD Recording: Screenprinting

Hack

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This is featured in the 'Working with Shape and Colour' pathway

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